THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LIX No. E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.
NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—[illegible], JUNE 25th, 1920.
$1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

Historical Society

DOXSEE & CO.

MILLINERY

Hats for warm summer days of Organdy, Milan, Straws, Hemp, and Georgette—pretty color combinations and very new styles. Sports as well as Dress Hats, all most becomingly trimmed.

NOVELTY BLOUSES

Georgette only—not two alike, embroidered and bead trimmed.

LADIES HOSIERY

Special values in White, Grey, and Black—sizes 9, 9½, and 10.

Special Values in Corsets and Neckwear.

The Leading Millinery House

1869 — 600 BRANCHES — 1919

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

THE ROAD FROM THE FARM TO THE BANK SHOULD BE WELL WORN

Go to the Manager of the nearest Royal Bank branch with your financial difficulties while they are small and he can usually help you.

Your affairs will be treated with strict confidence. The Bank employees are pledged to secrecy about the business of every customer.

CAPITAL AND RESERVE $35,000,000

TOTAL RESOURCES..... ....$470,000,000

The Royal Bank of Canada has now received all Bonds of the 1919 Victory Loan. Subscribers are asked to kindly present their subscription receipts and obtain their bonds at once.

LIVE STOCK

Loans to purchase Pure Bred Sires made to responsible farmers, at lowest current rates.

Cooperation

THE Victory Loan campaigns served a mutual good by bringing the public in such close contact with the Banks of Canada as to realize their human side.

It is the one desire of this Bank to be of personal service. Make it a point to remember that we are always willing to extend you friendly and authoritative counsel on financial matters.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

537

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $8,360,537.09.

NAPANEE BRANCH
R. R. WHITE - - MANAGER
BRANCHES ALSO AT:
BELLEVILLE, BRIGHTON, CAMDEN EAST, DESERONTO, MARYSVILLE, NEWBURGH, PICTON, SELBY, TRENTON, KINGSTON

Do Not Fail to See the Demonstration

Barnet Refrigerators

One of these Refrigerators in our window was locked and sealed on June 24th by F. G. Dunning, the representative of the "Barnet" Refrigerator Co. There was placed in it—milk, onions, fish, butter, matches, salt, fruit, cigars, candy, cakes, etc. It will be opened for public inspection by two of our townsmen, on Monday, June 28th, at 3 p.m. All are cordially invited to come and bring their friends and see conditions of food, consumption of ice, etc.

DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

Summer time means kodak time—no holiday or trip is complete without a kodak. For sale in Napanee only at WALLACE'S.

Programme:

Unveiling War Memorial Monument Court House - Dominion Day 11 a.m.

O CANADA..................................Band 14th P. W. O. R.
Massed Choirs and School Children

PRAYER......Major W. E. Kidd, M. C., Military Chaplain, Overseas

HYMN (with Band) ....

O God, our help in ages past,
Our hope for years to come,
Our shelter from the stormy blast,
And our Eternal Home!

O God, our help in ages past,
Our hope for years to come,
Be Thou our Guard while troubles last,
And our Eternal Home!

UNVEILING OF MONUMENT..Major-General J. H. Elmsley,
C. B., C. M. G., D. S. O., G. O. C. M. D. No. 3

HYMN (with Band) ....

Nearer my God, to Thee,
Nearer to Thee;
E'en though it be a cross
That raiseth me;
Still all my song shall be,
Nearer, my God, to Thee,
Nearer to Thee.

Though like the wanderer,
The sun gone down,
Darkness be over me,
My rest a stone;
Yet in my dreams I'd be
Nearer, my God, to Thee,
Nearer to Thee.

ADDRESS..................Lt. General Sir Sam Hughes, K. C. B.
Brigardier General A. E. Ross, C. B., C. M. G.

PRAYER....Capt. J. F. Nicholson, M. C., Military Chaplain Overseas

LOCHABER NO MORE..............................Highland Pipers

LAST POST......................Buglers Boys Naval Brigade Band

GOD SAVE THE KING
(Band alone)

STELLA

Farmers gladly welcomed the recent rain, as it was very badly needed.

Hay promises to be a light crop and with frequent rains grain may do better.

H. B. Sandwith received a load of soft coal last week for use in the cheese factory.

Canvassers for the sale of stock of the United Farmers' Cooperative Asociation were over the Island last week. They report good business.

Men are at work drilling the holes for the new telephone line between Stella and Emerald., a traction engine and steam drill is being used.

W. J. Beaubieu and son, carpenters, are rushing the work on Mrs. T. Baker's new house in the village.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hamilton have taken up residence in Bath.

Walter Brown left on Saturday for Chatham.

George Brown had a barn raising last week.

Quite a number from here attended the U.F.O. convention in Napanee.

Mrs. Hugh Filson and Mrs. W. Montgomery are spending a few days in Pittsburgh.

Robert Henderson, Wolfe Island, is visiting friends here.

Mrs. M. Tilson, Kingston, is at D. Caughey's.

Mrs. W. E. Ada, Ottawa, is spending a few weeks here.

——o——

Tablets for scours in calves, for sale at WALLACE'S. Mail or 'phone orders promptly filled.

A CAR JUST HERE

—OF—

Bran, Shorts, Cream-of-West, King's Quality and Robinhood Flours.

Ground Corn and Oats. Shoemaker Feed, Whole Oats, Wheat and Buckwheat Seed, Millet and Corn.

A few Bags Sugar and Potatoes, also Binder Twine.—COME HERE FOR BARGAINS.

FRED. A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

The Napanee Branch

Great War Veterans' Association

Meets every 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month.

Clubrooms situated in Harshaw Block, Dundas St.

TAMWORTH

Rev. Mr. Roark just returned from attending Conference at Whitby.

Mr. and Mrs. Shipp, Philadelphia, have been visiting her sister, Mrs. D. B. Floyd, while on their wedding tour. They will return home by way of Montreal and Quebec.

Strawberries are quite plentiful at 25c per basket.

Bruce Richardson's barber shop, Yarker, caught fire. Our boys received the word and in forty minutes there were two car loads on the scene and the fire was put out with not much damage done.

There will be a grand strawberry social at the manse Thursday this week.

All stores will close on Thursday next, July 1st.

Mrs. Woodman, Kingston, is visiting at Mr. Floyd's.

Mr. and Mrs. VanLuven visited at J. A. Hunter's on Sunday.

A. B. Carscallen's store is progressing nicely.

Baseball was played at Tamworth last week between Tamworth and Enterprise. Result 9-14 in favor of Tamworth.

Good pants at Floyd's for $2.00.

——o——

ROBLIN

A quiet wedding was solemnized in Napanee on Wednesday afternoon by Rev. Mr. Rogers, when Mr. Albert Pennell and Miss Minnie Waddell, both of this place, were united in marriage. They were attended by Miss Leota Dafoe and Mr. Wm. Waddell, brother of the bride. We wish them bon voyage through life.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell and family have arrived to take up their residence at the Holiness Movement parsonage.

Mr. P. Hart and family and Mr. D. Lasher attended the camp meeting at Yarker on Sunday.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Garrett are attending Conference.

Mr. Melville McCutcheon is sporting a new Chevrolet car.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Smith and family spent Sunday at Enterprise.

Miss Eva Young, Napanee, spent Sunday at home.

The village was very quiet on Sunday evening, there being no church.

Mrs. Arch. Graham is spending a few days at her home here.

Mrs. Nelson, Toronto, is visiting with her father, Mr. Harvey Bradshaw, Roblindale.

A number from here spent Saturday in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Pedwell spent a day recently in Oshawa.

Mr. and Mrs. Clare Hinch, of Hinch, were guests at Mr. and Mrs. H. Paul's on Sunday.

A crowd of the young people spent Sunday afternoon at the caves.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bradshaw spent Sunday with their son, Mr. John W. Bradshaw, Tamworth.

——o——

For Lunch get a pound of good old cheese at H. W. KELLY'S and a pound of his famous Coffee, nothing better.

——o——

Undoubtedly the largest seller of any face cream, "Arbutus Peroxide Cream." Compare it with other makes and you'll find the reason lies in its delicate fragrance and the smoothness it imparts to the skin. Sold in Napanee at WALLACE'S.

BA[illegible]

Napanee defe[illegible] Adolphustown on the lat[illegible] grounds in the first league [illegible] the score of 14-5.

Napanee opened [illegible] scoring by putting three runs across the plate in their first innings, but Adolphustown came right back with two runs. [illegible] then on Napanee had the [illegible] on the boys from the bay, [illegible] scored as they liked.

For Napanee Earl [illegible]cks pitched a good game, [illegible] eleven strike outs to his [illegible] in seven innings in which [illegible] worked. Adolphustown could [illegible] very little with his pitching, [illegible] three hits going outside the [illegible]. In the eighth Ross Loucks took up the pitching burden, [illegible] slow ball was also a puzzle.

Adolphustown [illegible] Howard Smith in the box, [illegible] was driven to the showers [illegible] the first innings. Morley [illegible] started the second and the first three batters up hit him [illegible] two baggers, and he was [illegible] out and Crouse finished the game. Crouse showed a good turn [illegible] speed and deserved better support than he received. He blank[illegible] Napanee in three innings in which he worked.

Blute pulled off a couple of nice catches in the outer garden, while Rooks also got a b[illegible].

Mr. Jas. Pringle [illegible] Mr. Garrison umpired the game in a most satisfactory manner.

Following is the box score of the game:

Napanee—	A.B.	Runs	Hits
McNeill..	[illegible]	0	2
R. Loucks..	[illegible]	1	4
Huffman.......	[illegible]	2	2
Rooks........	5	3	3
Beard........	5	4	4
Blute........	5	1	3
McLaughlin.. ..	4	2	4
Scrimshaw.. ...	4	1	1
E. Loucks..	4	0	1
Adolphustown—			
H. Smith..	[illegible]	1	2
Roblin........	5	1	2
Galt..	[illegible]	2	2
Kelly........	5	0	2
Pollard..	4	0	2
Duffett.......	4	0	0
Allison.......	4	1	2
Crouse.......	4	0	1
Allen........	4	0	2

Score by innings:

Napanee—
3 2 0 1 3 3 0 2 0—14

Adolphustown—
2 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0— 5

Napanee play their first home game on Dominion Day when they stack up against the Picton team. Picton has a good team and are hard to beat on any ground, but the Napanee boys are determined to be[illegible] here. A win for Napan[illegible] will boost them up to the top of the league.

Manager McLaughlin is holding practices to-night and Monday night and requests all the players to turn out, but any boy who shows ability will be given an opportunity.

STATEMENT OF CLUB

-Receipts—	
Bal. in bank from previous season...................	$21 36
Subscriptions...........	137 75
July 1st, per J. L. Boyes..	30 00
Sept. 10th, Deseronto game	10 00
Membership fees........	30 00
Receipts at gate.........	225 18
Interest....	50
	$454 79
Expenditures—	
Baseball suits..........	$100 55
Telephone, tel. postage...	2 95
Boyle & Son, acct........	2 00
Madole Hardware....	51 00
Express Printing Co......	5 27
Sam Wilson............	3 13
Beaver Office..........	2 52
F. Rikley, re Odessa......	3 52
Catcher's mit..........	15 00
Ed. Loucks............	5 00
Travelling exp. etc......	182 56
Miscellaneous exp.......	38 09
Madole Hardware Co......	4 50
F. J. Rikley, delegates to Belleville........	8 00
Bal. in bank....	30 70
	$454 79
Outstanding accounts, W. D. Midmer, cedar posts	$ 2 50

——o——

CHARLES N. RUTTAN

Charles Nelson Rutan, the subject of this brief note, was born at Adolphustown, on May 5th, 1862. His parents were Elisha Ruttan and Susanna Outwater, of good old U. E. L. stock, who held from the crown the title to the old homestead, where as a boy and youth, Charles spent the early years of his life. Here, too, under the influence of a Christian home he sought and found Christ, as a personal Saviour and continued thereafter an earnest, faithful Christian.

On February 21st, 1911, he married Ethel Mabel Johnston, second daughter of the late Herbert M. Johnston, of Hallowell township, and soon thereafter settled at Grimsby where he became a very successful fruit farmer. Some months ago his health began to fail. Internal trouble compelled him to seek expert medical aid and for some weeks he was a patient of St. Joseph's Hospital, Hamilton, where the most skilled physicians and surgeons in that city gave him the best and most modern treatment known to the profession. This, however, proved unavailing and on May 11th he returned to his home with the prospect of an operation in the near future. This, however, was not to be, for on May 22nd he was taken ill with pleurisy, developing into double pneumonia, and on Friday, May 28th, he pased away.

On Sunday evening, May 30th, service was held in the home conducted by his pastor, Rev. J. A. McLachlan, of Grimsby, assisted by Rev. Ratcliffe, of the Baptist church of that place, and on the following day the remains were taken to Picton for interment.

He leaves to mourn his loss in addition to the two brothers, the widow and a little son, Harold Johnson Ruttan.

TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

Council Chamber,
June 21st 1920

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor J. E. Robinson presiding.

Present, Reeve Graham and councillors MacGregor, Roblin, Paul, Boyes, Ming.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from Mr. Harry G. Dafoe and Mrs. D. W. Thompson petitioning the council for an electric light on the corner of Frederick and Bessford streets.

Referred to Fire, Water & Light committe to investigate and report.

Mrs. S. A. Templeton and others petitioned the council to have the street watered on Thomas street, between the G. T. Railway and Centre street—Referred to the Streets committee to investigate and report.

The local Orangemen petitioned the council for the purpose of holding a tag day in Napanee on July 12th for the purpose of collecting funds for the True Blue Orphanage.—On motion the prayer of the petition was granted.

The local branch of the Kingston Hospital petitioned the council for the privilege of holding a tag day in Napanee on the last day of the Lennox County Fair.—On motion the prayer of the petition was granted.

On motion the requisitions of the Board of Education were ordered received and fyled. The Board is asking for $7368 for the maintainance of the Collegiate Institute and $13,219 for the Public Schools.

Moved by councillor Boyes seconded by Reeve Graham that the Streets committee be empowered to setle with Mr. Fair for injuries to his wife by reason of a serious fall on the walk, for an amount not to exced $100.—Carried.

Collector of taxes, Mr. Fennell reported that he would be ready at the next meeting of the council to hand in his roll and that the amount of arrears uncollected would be less than $200.00. Mr. Fennell is to be commended for his work in collecting the taxes this year, as the amount remaining uncollected is the smallest in many a year.

On motion the tax collector will be notified to return his roll not later than Monday, June 28th.

Moved by reeve Graham, seconded by coun. MacGregor, that the Streets committee be empowered to make repairs to the road on Ontario street, it being the boundary road between North Fredericksburgh and Napanee.—Carried.

On motion the council authorized the payment of the last quarter's salary of the late engineer of the Fire Department to his widow, Mrs. George Stevens.

On motion the Fire, Water & Light committee were empowered to make temporary arrangements for the services of an engineer to take charge of the fire engine.

On motion the night constable was granted a week's holidays.

Moved by coun. Paul, seconded by coun. Boyes that a special committee be appointed to have a retaining wall built from the northern pier of the bridge crossing the river above the falls to a westerly point to be later decided. The material used will be the stone left from the repairing of the G. T. Railway bridge and other loose stone taken from the bed of the river. Carried.

Councillors Paul and Roblin were named as the special committee.

ACCOUNTS

The following accounts were ordered paid:

Frank H. Perry..........	$18.00
The Graham Co.	2.50
Waterworks Co..........	11 00
Thompson Bros.	12.94
Superior Mfg. Go.	50.00
J. G. Fennell	4.06
D. B. Wilson	5.05

The following accounts were referred to committees with power to act; Express Printing House, $41.20; the usual Hydro Electric accounts, and several accounts from the Bell Telephone Co.

Council adjourned until Tuesday evening, June 29th, at 7.30.

——o——

COLEBROOK

Charles Ball and wife, of Vennachar, visited at C. N. Garrison's recently.

The remains of the late Miss Jane Riddle were laid to rest at Wilton. Deceased was a lifelong resident of Colebrook, and will be greatly missed.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Lakins, on June 11th, a girl.

D. D. Garrison arrived home from the Kingston general hospital, Friday, and seems much improved.

Mrs. Wagar, Enterprise, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. G. D. Lucas.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Keyes and daughters spent Sunday in Kingston and Colins Bay.

The F. J. Garrison Well Drilling Company completed this week three wells, having an aggregate daily capacity of 700,000 gallons of water for the Bowes Milk Products Co., at Sydenham, Ontario.

Mrs. G. A. Shangraw, and Mr. and Mrs. A. Galbraith called on friends in Wilton recently.

Miss Sigsworth spent the weekend at Andy Galbraith's.

Norman Boyce spent a few days in London, Ont., this wek.

——o——

Lewis Burgess pure English Paris Green and Arsenate of Lead at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

——o——

The most popular candy in Napanee, "Elizabeth Best Chocolates." If you haven't tried them there is a treat in store for you. In one pound boxes at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Where is Your Money?

One farmer kept his savings at home. His house was burned—and the money with it.
Once a woman hid her dollars in a hole in a tree—and squirrels ate it.
The safest place for money is the bank, where it accumulates interest in the savings department.
Open an account with this bank today.

764

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

G. P. CARR, ... Manager.

When You Travel, Even in Canada

carry your funds in Travellers' Cheques, issued by The Merchants Bank.

Personal cheques are often refused. Money may be lost or stolen.

Travellers' Cheques, on the other hand, are cashed by banks, hotels, transportation companies and stores at their face values, and enable you to raise ready money wherever you happen to be. If lost, they are of no value to the finder; if stolen or destroyed, they will be replaced without extra charge. Use them for your next journey.

20

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.

Napanee Branch, ... E. R. Checkley, Manager
Yarker, Verona and Parham Branches, . . J. W. McClymont, Manager
Tamworth Branch, ... S. D. Whaley, Manager.

FOR SALE - FORD CAR

in First-Class Condition

PRICE $500.00

Apply—Express Print-Office.

NOTICE TO DOG OWNERS

Under ByLaw No. 1018 of the Town of Napanee, respecting dogs, every dog owner must on or before the 1st day of July each year, cause their dog to be registered, numbered, and described, in the office of the Chief Constable, the penalty for failing so to do shall not exceed the sum of ($50) fifty dollars.

The license fee for male dogs is Two Dollars, and each aditional dog Three Dolars; for female dog, Five Dollars, and Six Dollars for each additional.

Tags can now be had at the office of the undersigned.

F. W. BARRETT,
Chief Constable Napanee

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YARKER

By the score of 10 to 5, Yarker won from Sydenham on Saturday afternoon, in one of the best games played before a large crowd of fans. After the second innings, Dunn, who pitched for the locals, had the opposing batters at his mercy, and not one reached second base, so good was his pitching and the support afforded him.

Strawberries are plentiful in this section, and weather conditions at present point to abundance of fruit.

Potatoes are still high in value and sell at $6.00 per bag.

Cyrus Peters and family, of Kingston, spent Sunday in the village with friends.

Mr. Hartwick, and Miss Lillie Boomhower, of Arden, called on friends Sunday, enroute for Newburgh.

M. C. Dunn, of Kingston, visited at the home of his brother, W. B. Dunn, recently.

The Warrinites are conducting campmeeting services for a week on the old camp ground.

S. D. Babcock and family have moved into Felix Benjamin's house on Station road.

John Oldham, of Toronto, is home spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Oldham.

Mr. and Mrs. Vandevoort and daughter, also Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mains and Miss Myrtle Smith, spent Sunday with friends in Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stewart, of Wilton, spent the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Storms.

Mrs. Greer, of Toronto, is home holidaying.

A number from here took in the concert at Newburgh last Friday night.

Mrs. Wagar, of Enterprise is at the home of M. Card.

Wm. Marfleet and D. Silver have accepted high positions with the C. N. R., and left to fill the same.

Charlie Woodhouse is in the Kingston hospital for medical treatment.

Mrs. G. Snider is on the sick list.

Mrs. Gideon Joyner, Napanee, is spending a few days at the home of Mrs. John Ewart.

Moving picture shows are drawing people from Yarker.

Miss Besie Dunn, of Kingston, is spending a well earned vacation under the parental roof.

Some Valuable Farms FOR SALE

Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

DESERONTO PROPERTY FOR SALE

Two comfortable houses, nice location, corner lots, fruit trees, garage, electric lights, fine well, cistern etc. For information apply to Post Office Box 294, Deseronto, (no agents). 24tf

FOR SALE—Oak Sideboard and oak hall rack. Inquire at Wallace's Drug Store. 30 bp

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. W. J. Doller. 19

WANTED—A young man to enter the service of The Royal Bank of Canada, at Napanee; rapid promotion if ability warrants.

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-tf

EGGS FOR SALE—Single Comb White Leghorns, $1.50 per setting, 284 eggs average. Apply to W. G. GRIFFIN, Piety Hill. 25-tf

FOR SALE—Black Walnut Uxbridge Organ, in first-class condition. Apply to MRS. JOHN POLLARD, Dundas St., Napanee. 32-c

SECOND HAND GOODS FOR SALE—Will buy any quantity of household goods SEYMOUR Lindsay, Water street, one block north of Light's lumber yard. 23-cp

ROOM TO LET—A room in the Harshaw block, on the second floor about 20 x 24 feet. Would make a good room suitable for a society with small membership. Apply to JOHN HAMBLY. 19-tf

LOST—On Sunday evening, on the Deseronto road, between Napanee and Deseronto, a Ladies Black Sailor Straw Hat. Finder will please leave at SPENCER & SON'S store, on the market square.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—Refined, respectable, about 20 years, capable of taking charge small house for family three adults, light work, will be good wages. Address "Advertiser" 313 Jane street, Toronto.

FOR SALE—Chevrolet Touring Car, engine just overhauled, newly painted, in excellent running order. Will sell cheap for quick sale. Will demonstrate any night after five o'clock. Reason for selling, expect to leave town. Apply 'Box' 474, Napanee.

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED—Canada Petroleum & Refining Co., Ltd., are offering a limited amount of stock, strong directorate, good location, splendid prospects, liberal commissions. What about your territory. For particulars address R. McLELLAND, 81 Victoria St., Toronto, Ont. 29-5

A few things necessary for the picnic or outing: A Thermos bottle or lunch kit, a box of Elizabeth Best Chocolates, a package of oiled paper for sandwiches, a set of Interlake table cloth and napkins, (price 20 cts.), and to complete the picture, a kodak—all these at WALLACE'S.

All returned soldiers of the county are especially requested to be present at the ceremony of Unveiling War Memorial Monument.

**Executive
War Memorial Committee.**

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.
Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.
Fleet Street, London, E C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

W. G WILSON,
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P O Box 620. Telephone No. 83.
OFFICE — North Side Dundas Street
Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE
Barristers, etc.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE
Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. B. GERMAN,
Barrister and Solicitor,
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street
Napanee

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, etc.
Late House Surgeon to the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee.

The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES
of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS
'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

A Mountain Tragedy.

Occasionally there are tragedies in the lives of bears just as in the lives of human beings, Mr. Enos A. Mills writes in his new book, "The Grizzly"; and he goes on to tell of an appealing incident in which a pair of cubs whose mother had been shot by a hunter were the heroes. The little bears were discovered peeping from beneath a large rock a short distance from where the slain animal lay, and after hesitating for a moment they came out and stood looking intently toward the men and their dead mother.

As the men did not move, they took a few steps toward them. Hesitating again, they stopped, rose up and looked round, and then hastily retreated to the rocks. Evidently their mother had trained them to stay wherever she left them until she returned, but they had waited a long time.

For a while they stood and whimpered very much like hungry, forsaken children. They could scent their mother, and see her, too, and they were hungry and lonesome. Again they started slowly toward the men, walking closely side by side. When very near, they paused, rose on their hind legs and looked in wonder and longing at their lifeless mother. Then they went to her. One little cub sniffed in a bewildered, puzzled way over her cold, still body. He gently stroked her fur with his paw and then sat down and began to whimper and cry.

The other cub stood looking with awe into his mother's motionless face, but at last he shook off his fright and smelled her bloody head; then, all forlorn, he turned to look into the face of the hunter who had been watching the little cub all this while with tears on his cheeks. After a moment he took a step toward him, rose up and, putting his forepaws upon the man's knee, looked confidingly into his face. The men carried the little orphans to camp, and the hunter raised them. Their mother was the last animal that he ever shot.

Escaped Death Sentence.

Forty-six death sentences were commuted by the Department of Justice at Ottawa in the last four years. Forty of the condemned are now serving life sentences, five are serving terms of 10 to 20 years' imprisonment, and one was granted a new trial, which is now pending.

Of the above cases, ten were tried in Ontario courts, nine in Manitoba, six in Quebec, six in Alberta, five in British Columbia, four in Saskatchewan, three in Nova Scotia, and one each in New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and the Yukon.

The Azores.

The population of the Azores is about 245,000, the number of its inhabitants having changed but little in the last century.

—o—

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

BLOODSHED IN DERRY

Five Men Killed in Serious Irish Riots

Military Could Not Prevent Clashes Between Nationalists and the Unionists, But the Loyalists Were Victorious In the Fighting and Drove the Others Back to Their Own Quarter of the City.

LONDONDERRY, June 22. — Five persons were killed, ten others seriously wounded, several of them probably mortally, and about 100 others were less seriously injured during a period of desperate rioting in this city Saturday night. The fighting was accompanied by several attempts at incendiarism, one of which resulted in the burning of a large drapery store.

The rioting was a continuation of the disorders of Friday night, when Nationalists and Unionists were engaged in clashes for several hours and the military had to be called out. The military remained in what were considered the danger zones, but notwithstanding its presence the disorderly elements held sway for some time.

In many instances persons who were suffering from minor wounds went home to receive treatment. The authorities have no record of the number of such cases. Among the wounded are several shipyard workers, with bad gunshot wounds.

The men killed were Edwin Price, James McVeigh, Thomas McLaughlin, Thomas Farren and James Doherty.

The authorities had taken elaborate precautions in view of the expected renewal of the disorders. The military, fully equipped, took positions at the head and foot of Bridge street, which is the National quarter, and on Fountain street, the Unionist quarter. An armored car was drawn up at Carlisle road, between these localities, to keep the rival factions apart.

The hopes that these precautions would lead to the preservation of peace, however, were not fulfilled, and another night of terror resulted. These latest scenes of rioting, which left the city absolutely terror-stricken, were said to have originated in what at first appeared to be a minor squabble between Unionists and Nationalists at the junction of Longtower street, in the Nationalist quarter, and upper Fountain street, the Unionist district, these two streets being separated only by Bishop street, the scene of bloodshed for many years during periods of rioting. Men armed with rifles and revolvers afterwards came into conflict and before the military could intervene several had been killed.

From shortly after 9 until 11 o'clock pandemonium reigned. A shot fired from one party into a crowd of rival partisans developed with ominous speed into violent rioting. Party cries were raised, and the Unionists, assembled at the head of Upper Fountain street, poured volley after volley of rifle and revolver fire into Longtower street with disastrous results.

Another crowd of Unionists in Albert street maintained a crossfire in the direction of Bishop's Gate, with the result that the people in the vicinity fled panic-stricken to shelter. The Nationalists did not seem to be so well provided with weapons as their opponents, but they maintained a vigorous defence.

In an early stage of the battle two men were shot dead in Longtower street, and a number of persons, including a baby in arms, were wounded.

McVeigh, a quay laborer, was on his way to a butcher's shop, when, reaching the end of Longtower street, a bullet struck him in the throat. He struggled in a dying condition toward a public house nearby, where he felt. Owing to the fierce fusilade it was impossible to go to his assistance, but eventually a man rushed through the shower of bullets and dragged him to shelter. No ambulance was available and an attempt was made to carry him to an infirmary on a shutter. He died on the way.

Farren, the other man killed, was standing in the doorway of his lodging when struck by two bullets. One entered his stomach, proving fatal almost immediately.

In the midst of the melee a man who knocked down a small boy was chased by an angry mob of men and women. He sought shelter in the City Club. Instant demands for his ejection being ignored, the mob stoned the club.

A large crowd assembled in the non-residential quarter in the centre of the city, where fierce fighting also occurred. Two girls were among the combatants. Armed police on duty were compelled to telephone for military assistance. But before reinforcements arrived, the riot flared to greater intensity, and the firing by Unionists became so hot, that those who had been seeking shelter in doorways were to be seen crawling along to other places of safety.

Gradually the Unionists gained control of the entire district in the centre of the city, chasing the Nationalists into their own locality. In their retreat, the latter fired volleys into the Masonic Hall, the windows of which were broken. The Unionists posted small groups at vantage points, and kept up a continuous fire. It was here Price was killed as he entered the doorway of the Diamond Hotel, where he lived. The bullet entered his abdomen.

Price served with an ambulance corps in the Ulster Division throughout the war, having come from America to enlist. He was waiting an opportunity to return.

Serbs and Bulgars Allied.

LONDON, June 22. — A Moscow wireless message received here alleges that a secret alliance against Greece has been concluded between Serbia and Bulgaria.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Cure was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
All Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

A waiters' strike is threatened in five Toronto clubs.

A University of Toronto School Association was formed.

Ex-Alderman Peter Macdonald died at his home in Toronto.

Hearing of the H. P. Eckardt Co. sugar charges was concluded.

Home-grown strawberries were sold in Bratford at 30 to 35 cents.

Rev. Richard Newton Adams of Belleville died at the age of 84.

Hon. Manning Doherty announces a change in the courses at the O.A.C.

William Crichton of the Buntin, Reid Paper Co. died in his office in Toronto.

Alfred Frost, of Inglis' Mills, near Owen Sound, was drowned in the mill pond.

The Toronto baseball team scored a 3 to 2 victory over Jersey City on Tuesday.

Winston Grace, a Bell Telephone employe, was instantly killed at work in Midland.

The 27th annual convention of the National Council of Women opened in St. John, N.B.

The Resolute gained another victory over the Vanitie Tuesday, but the margin was close.

Jack Dempsey, heavyweight champion, was found not guilty of evading the United States selective draft.

Hon. Duncan Marshall of Alberta is in London and will go to Scotland to purchase a herd of shorthorn cattle.

Mustapha Kemal, the Turkish Nationalist leader, has just concluded an inspection of the various battle fronts.

The daughter of the King of Roumania is betrothed to Prince George, eldest son of the former King of Greece.

Overriding the police force of Duluth, Minn., a mob on Tuesday night took possession of police headquarters and seized six negroes held in connection with a criminal attack on a young white girl. Three negroes were lynched.

THURSDAY.

Lady Geddes leaves Washington on a visit to Montreal.

A serious strike of railway teamsters in Toronto is threatened.

Andrew Hicks, M.P.P., will visit Queen's Park, Toronto, on Wednesday.

The President of China has approved the measure for peace with Austria.

The Leafs defeated Jersey City on Wednesday on the latter's grounds by 2 to 0.

The six-year-old child of Wm. Griffin was instantly killed by a motor car near Sarnia.

Gordon Gilbert of Trenton was killed when his motor car overturned on the Wooler road.

Flurries of snow at Omaha on Wednesday ended a heat wave lasting over eight days.

The Soviet Government is making conditions for the withdrawal of troops from Persia.

The Grand Lodge of the Daughters and Maids of England concluded its convention at London.

The Dominion Coal Co. has ordered that its daily output must be increased to at least 20,000 tons.

Owing to unfavorable weather conditions on Wednesday the race between the Resolute and Vanitie was postponed.

Premier Giovanni Giolitti's newly-formed Cabinet has taken the oath of office, according to a despatch from Rome, Italy.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon Sir Robert Falconer at the Northwestern University graduation exercises.

A British tank steamer ran the blockade Wednesday and landed a cargo of oil for Gabriele D'Annunzio, the insurgent leader at Fiume.

Edward Pruin, a Belgian, was killed when he dropped 40 feet to the ground from the platform on the top of a waste bin at the Hollinger mine. His wife and nine children are on their way to Canada from Belgium.

FRIDAY.

The National Council of Women is meeting at St. John, N.B.

Natural gas was discovered on a farm seven miles from Ottawa.

Nearly $16,000 was netted by the "Rose Day" tagging in Toronto.

York County Council defeated the proposal to erect a war memorial.

The French demand for a revision of the Turkish Treaty is growing daily.

Prices of commodities are still continuing to decline in the French capital.

Chief of Police Grasett of Toronto abandoned his post at the head of the force.

W. S. Murray of New York reported favorably on the Hydro radial scheme.

All dogs in Guelph and Guelph township must be tied or locked up or muzzled.

Mrs. Edwin Hodges of Kitchener, 24 years old, committed suicide by asphyxiation.

The Persian Envoy in London has held a conference with Gregory Karssin, the Bolshevist agent.

Gen. Brusiloff is said to be under arrest in Moscow. The Soviet feared he might upset the Government.

Prof. John Bennett Black, formerly of Queen's University, Kingston, has been appointed to a chair at Sheffield.

Samuel Vance of Tillsonburg won the Governor-General's Trophy at the Eastern Canada Trapshooting Tournament.

Princeps, owned by Commander Ross of Montreal, won the Duke of Connaught Cup at the opening day at Connaught Park.

With the Leafs leading by 2 to 0 on Thursday the International League game at Baltimore was called off with four innings played.

SATURDAY.

Dr. Hsieh, Chinese Trade Commissioner, arrived in Toronto.

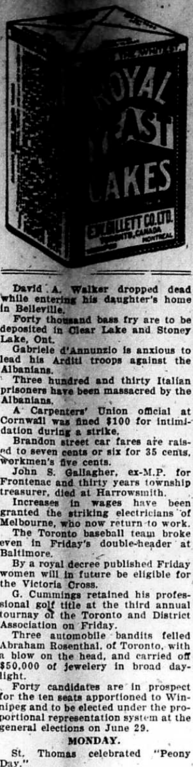
John M. Godfrey is chairman of the local Hydro Conciliation Board.

A. Pullan, a Hamilton gardener, fell dead on his way home from work.

Major W. E. Harris criticized the Ottawa committee on re-establishment.

Parents of deaf children asked that lip-reading be more thoroughly taught.

One death from bubonic plague is said to have occurred in Galveston, Texas.



David A. Walker dropped dead while entering his daughter's home in Belleville.

Forty thousand bass fry are to be deposited in Clear Lake and Stoney Lake, Ont.

Gabriele d'Annunzio is anxious to lead his Arditi troops against the Albanians.

Three hundred and thirty Italian prisoners have been massacred by the Albanians.

A Carpenters' Union official at Cornwall was fined $100 for intimidation during a strike.

Brandon street car fares are raised to seven cents or six for 35 cents, workmen's five cents.

John S. Gallagher, ex-M.P. for Frontenac and thirty years township treasurer, died at Harrowsmith.

Increases in wages have been granted the striking electricians of Melbourne, who now return to work.

The Toronto baseball team broke even in Friday's double-header at Baltimore.

By a royal decree published Friday women will in future be eligible for the Victoria Cross.

G. Cummings retained his professional golf title at the third annual tourney of the Toronto and District Association on Friday.

Three automobile bandits felled Abraham Rosenthal, of Toronto, with a blow on the head, and carried off $50,000 of jewelery in broad daylight.

Forty candidates are in prospect for the ten seats apportioned to Winnipeg and to be elected under the proportional representation system at the general elections on June 29.

MONDAY.

St. Thomas celebrated "Peony Day."

Kingston harbor is to be deepened at once.

The conference at Spa will not be held till July 10.

Rev. Dr. Bland urged alliance between Church and Labor.

George Hillis of Guelph was killed by a freight train on the G.T.R.

Ten thousand paraded in Holy Name Society annual in Toronto.

Rev. Dr. Eakin of Toronto accepts a professorial chair in Montreal.

Percy Dunham of Hamilton, aged 16, disappeared from home last Tuesday.

Thieves stole furs and money from Hartman & Co., King street west, Toronto.

The German People's Party has endorsed the Republican form of Government.

Sterling exchange was quoted in New York on Saturday at around $3.96⅞.

Lieut. Michael O'Leary, one of the earliest V.C.'s of the war, intends to return to Canada.

The business portion of Riverport, N.S., was destroyed by fire; loss is estimated to be $300,000.

Valera declares that the expenses of the Irish delegation at Chicago amounted only to $25,000.

W. J. Thomson retained his amateur championship at the Toronto and District Golf Association tourney.

Blair Foote and James Tindall, 22 and 20, respectively, died as a result of a motor car being hit by a train near Guelph.

The American school near Ismid was entered by Nationalist troops of Mustapha Kemal Pasha. Civilians there were murdered.

Few good prospects for the Canadian Olympic team were uncovered at the Ontario track and field championships and Olympic trials in Toronto on Saturday.

During the first four months of this year 1,237 offences charged to the Sinn Fein were committed in Ireland. These include murders, assaults and incendiarism. The total of such outrages for all of last year was 599.

TUESDAY.

Four were drowned from a motor party at Letellier, Man.

The Niagara District Veterans of 1866 have decided to disband.

Edith Provost, 10 years old, was drowned in Lake Timiskaming.

Hydro officials advised York Township Council of power shortage.

The Canadian Wheat Board wants another 250,000 barrels of flour.

Toronto's City Council favor the annexation of land northeast of the city.

Patients in Toronto seem benefitted following Dr. Glover's cancer treatment.

Six persons perished in a fire which destroyed a Vancouver apartment house.

Rioting in Londonderry was continued all Monday. Several were killed.

The former German empress who is reported very ill was slightly better yesterday.

A serious shock Monday alarmed the people of Los Angeles. Slight damage was done.

Rain caused the postponement of the America's Cup elimination trial races on Monday.

Mrs. F. F. Dalley of Hamilton has given $10,000 to the City Hospital there for research work.

Charles Alden, a constable of the R.C.M.P. at Regina, was found drowned in a foot of water.

"Jimmy" Wilde, flyweight champion of the world, has been matched to box Peter Herman, bantamweight, in September.

All four United States players were victorious in the opening round of the British tennis championships at Wimbledon on Monday.

Valera has sent a letter of thanks to Gompers for the resolution recognizing the Irish Republic passed by the A. F. of L. at Montreal.

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Big Day at Napanee, July 1st.

$1500 in purses for horse races. Base ball games and other sports at the Napanee Driving Park grounds, which are the best in Canada.

MORE IMPERIAL BONDS

Canada Getting Closer to West Indies.

Closer Relations Are to Be Established Between the Dominion and the Tropical Colonies, and There Will Be Increased Preference, Better Transports and Better Cables to Foster Trade.

OTTAWA, June 22.—The scope of the agreement reached by the Canadian West Indies Conference is indicated in an official statement issued Saturday. The text of the agreement will not be made public till August 4, but, in general, says the statement, it may be stated that the agreement—

"(1) Carries the assent of all the delegates present at the conference;

"(2) Is framed upon an increase of the mutual preference now granted and an extension of the list of products upon which preference has hitherto been given;

"(3) Includes in the mutual preference all the British Colonies in the West Indies;

"(4) Contemplates mutual cooperation of the signatories towards the provision and maintenance of improved steamship transports and includes a memorandum urgently pressing for improved cable communications."

The statement proceeds:—

"The labors of the Canada West Indies conference have been brought to an end after a session of days. All the Colonial Governments have been represented which marks a notable advance over the conference of 1912, when some of the most important administrations were not included. The conference was also attended by the Hon. Lt.-Col. Amery, M.P., on behalf of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and by Major Edwards, British trade representative in Canada.

"The subjects considered divided themselves into three on the following order of importance: trade, steam service transport and cable communications. Committees were struck to deal with the second and third of the subjects named. On transport Hon. Mr. Ballantyne and Sir Georfge Foster represented Canada, and on the subject of cable service Hon. Mr. Burrell assisted the work of committee. In both these committees valuable assistance was rendered by Admiral Sir Allan Everett and some of his staff, who, opportunely, happened to be in Ottawa at the time.

"The delegates held two sessions daily, and, with the exception of a week-end visit to Toronto, Hamilton and Niagara, were steadily at work up to Saturday, June 19, when the conference came to a close.

"An arrangement touching the three subjects considered was concluded and signed by all the representatives of the Governments represented. This agreement is subject to the consideration and approval of the different Legislatures and the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

"The terms of the agreement will not be made current until August 4, to give time for the delegates to report to their various Governments before publicity is gigven.

"Lieut.-Col. Amery's advice and counsel contributed very materially to the success of the conference.

"On the whole, it is hoped and believed that the outcome of the 1920 conference will mark a distinct and significant advance in the development of trade and social relations between these two divisions of the British Commonwealth."

MADE BIG CLAIMS.

"Soviet Ambassador" Imagines Things About Canada.

OTTAWA, June 22. — Claims of great interest to Canadians are being made by the Bolsheviki, but it appears that they have little foundation in fact. That Canadian manufacturing interests have been in negotiation with representatives of the Soviet Government of Russia with a view to the re-establishment of trade connections with that country was announced by Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, self-styled "Ambassador to the United States," from Soviet Russia, in a statement which he issued in New York Sunday night. In this statement he denied a report that he had been recalled by his Government.

"The rumors to that effect," he said, "have arisen no doubt from the too hasty assumption on the part of those whose business it is to read my cables to the Commissariat of Foreign Affairs."

Mr. Martens stated the report that Santeri Nuorteva, secretary of the Soviet Bureau here, had gone to London to consult with M. Krassin, is quite true.

"He went by way of Canada," he added, "with the assistance of the Canadian authorities, who courteously arranged facilities for his trip to England. Mr. Nuorteva's trip was made in connection with some very important commercial negotiations we have in progress with Canadian manufacturing interests who desire to establish trade connections with Russia."

From what can be gathered immediately here, Ludwig Martens, ambassador from Soviet Russia to the United States, has somewhat overdrawn the importance of the "facilities" extended to Nuorteva of the American Soviet in going to England. Sir G. Foster has been in Cabinet Council all morning so that a denial could not be secured, but it is believed that a denial will be forthcoming of the statement that Nuorteva went to England with the aid of Canadian authorities who courteously arranged facilities. So far as negotiations regarding the re-establishment of trade with Soviet Russia are concerned, the Canadian Government has little to say. There is no embargo on trade exchange between Canada and Russia. Shipments may pass freely so far as the Canadian Government is concerned, and the usual customs regulations are applicable. There is no objection to the purchase by Soviet Russia of merchandise in Canada, but on the other hand the Canadian Government will make no guarantee as to contracts or delivery or transportation.

3,000,000,000 Marks Yearly.

BOULOGNE, June 22. — The German indemnity will be fixed at a total sum between one hundred and ten and one hundred and twenty billion marks in gold. It is to be paid in thirty-seven annuities.

LLOYD GEORGE FIRM.

Will Not Permit Ireland to Leave Union.

LONDON, June 22. — Members of Lloyd George's entourage speak of him as watching the development of the grave Irish situation with a grim determination not usual with him, and with all the zest of a supreme political strategist. Probably no Labor leaders ever listened to a straighter talk than that which Lloyd George has just addressed to the Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas and his deputation of British and Irish railwaymen among whom were both Ulsterites and Sinn Feiners.

Mr. Thomas threatened "bloodshed and not the few murders we have been talking about," if the Government, through Sir Hamar Greenwood, Sir Nevil Macready and their Dublin representatives, insisted upon carrying munitions in Irish railways. In effect he said: "Withdraw your troops from Ireland and we Labor men will try what our moral persuasion and influence will do to prevent outrage. Otherwise we will not be answerable if the whole of the railway systems of the United Kingdom are paralyzed by strikes."

Lloyd George, with whom was Bonar Law was, in his own phrase, "absolutely adamant." His answer lay in two phrases: "We mean to govern; we will have no Irish republic." It was the most unqualified message to Senator Harding and all American politicians. "Lincoln faced a million casualties and five years of war rather than acknowledge the independence of the Southern States. We should do the same thing."

Mr. Thomas in his customary Sunday newspaper article says: "The Government intends to continue to ship munitions. The men are equally determined not to handle them. A crash, the terrible consequences of which no one can foresee, may easily develop."

However, the Government with its highly equipped military, naval and road transport forces and the unquestioned support of the British public, seems fully prepared. If the crash does come it may easily split British Labor in half and hasten the Sinn Fein to its fall. This at least is the view of many Coalitionists. Stephen Gwynn expresses this view when he says:

"It looks as if Irish Labor were going to court defeat in a struggle which will hurt Ireland badly, but England little, if at all. The Sinn Fein has been brought to the crest of the wave by a combination of forces, namely, enthusiasm expressing itself in an admirable electoral organization and control of important labor groups, backing the whole system of terror enforced by assassination. Yet, having got so far, what can it create but chaos over all Ireland, outside a part of Ulster and in that part quite possibly civil war? Furthermore, Mr. Thomas and his British Labor colleagues know that on any clean issue such as an Irish Republic, Lloyd George can at any moment sweep the country as decisively as he swept it in September, 1918."

OLYMPIC USES OIL.

Great Liner Has Returned to Passenger Service.

LONDON, June 22.—Olympic's return to the passenger service marks a triumph of oil over coal. The installation of oil fuel engines means an enormous saving in space, time and money. The ship can fuel in six hours instead of four and a half days. Six tons of oil will do the work of ten tons of coal, each ton of oil occupying thirty-nine cubic feet as against forty-two cubic feet of coal. The Olympic can, when necessary, take sufficient fuel for her return journey, thus making her independent of strikes.

The Olympic's opening voyage was made from Belfast to Southampton. The journey was wholly satisfactory and the ship is completely restored to her former glories. Her shipbuilder, Lord Pirrie, himself a Canadian, was among the passengers and received from all a tribute upon this supreme performance.

Chairman Anderson, of the White Star Line, stated during the voyage that the company proposed to build no more monsters like the Olympic at present, the high cost of shipping rendering them prohibitive. The largest coming ship will probably be of thirty thousand tons.

Canadian at Spa Conference.

LONDON, June 22.—In connection with the Spa Conference, Premier Lloyd George and other members of the Cabinet had a meeting Saturday night, when there also attended Sir George Perley for Canada, and Sir James Allen, representing New Zealand.

It was officially stated that Saturday night's meeting was in view of the forthcoming meeting at Spa, when questions closely affecting the Dominions and India as well as the British Government will be discussed. It has, therefore, been decided to revive the British Empire delegation.

Receives Yale Degree.

KINGSTON, June 22.—Sidney McCann, of Kingston, has received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Yale University. He is now with the Geological Survey of Canada and will do work in Manitoba and British Columbia.

Throne Speeches.

Speeches from the throne, as every one knows, are compiled not by the King but by the Cabinet, and more than once their keenest critic has been the royal orator. George III., after reading the speech at the opening of Parliament on one occasion, turned to the Lord Chancellor and asked: "Did I read it well, my lord?" "Excellently," was the obvious answer. "I am glad of that," said the King, "for there was nothing in it." George III. was even more caustic, for when proceedings were to be taken against a bookseller for publishing a spurious version of the speech from the throne, he intervened, saying that he had read both versions and thought the spurious one much the better.

Sheep Possibilities In B. C.

Mr. Thomas P. MacKenzie, the recently-appointed Provincial Grazing Commissioner for British Columbia, states that while there are only 50,000 sheep in the Pacific province now, there is grazing available for 2,000,000. In Washington and Oregon alone, he states, there are a quarter million head of cattle and nearly one and a quarter million sheep.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, June 22.—Quotations on the Board of Trade yesterday were as follows:—

Manitoba Wheat (In Store Ft. William).
No. 1 northern, $3.15.
No. 2 northern, $3.12.
No. 3 northern, $3.08.

Manitoba Oats (In Store Ft. William).
No. 2 C.W., $1.32⅝.
No. 3 C.W., $1.32⅝.
Extra No. 1 feed, $1.32⅝.
No 1 feed, $1.31⅛.
No. 2 feed, $1.30⅛.

Manitoba Barley (In Store Ft. William).
No. 3 C.W., $1.97⅝.
No. 4 C.W., $1.66⅝.

American Corn (Track Toronto, Prompt Shipment).
No 3 yellow, $2.40 nominal.

Ontario Oats (According to Freights Outside).
No. 3 white, nominal.

Ontario Wheat (F.O.B. Shipping Points According to Freights).
No. 1 winter, per car lot, $2 to $2.01.
No. 2 winter, per car lot, $1.98 to $2.01.
No. 3 winter, per car lot, $1.92 to $1.98.
No 1 spring, per car lot, $2.02 to $2.03.
No 2 spring, per car lot, $1.98 to $2.01.
No 3 spring, per car lot, $1.95 to $2.01.

Peas (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, $3.

Barley (According to Freights Outside).
Malting, $1.87 to $1.89.

Buckwheat (According to Freights Outside).
No 2, nominal.

Rye (According to Freights Outside).
No. 3, $2.20 to $2.25.

Manitoba Flour (In Cotton Bags).
Government standard, $14.85, Toronto.

Ontario Flour (In Jute Bags, Prompt Shipment).
Government standard, $13.00, nominal Montreal; nominal Toronto.

Millfeed (Car Lots, Delivered Montreal Freights, Bags Included).
Bran, per ton, $54; shorts, per ton, $61; good feed flour, per bag, $3.75 to $4.

Hay (Track Toronto).
No. 1, per ton, $31; mixed, per ton, $27.

Straw (Track Toronto).
Car lots, per ton, $15 to $16.

Farmers' Market.
Fall wheat—No. 2, nominal.
Spring wheat—No. 2, nominal.
Goose wheat—No. 3, nominal.
Barley—Malting and feed, nominal.
Oats—Nominal.
Buckwheat—Nominal.
Rye—Nominal.
Peas—Nominal.
Hay — Timothy, mixed and clover, nominal
Straw—Bundled and loose, nominal.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

A. L. Hudson & Co., Standard Bank building, report the following prices on the Chicago Board of Trade:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Rye—					
July ...	215½	216	214¾	215¼	.....
Sept. ...	188½	189	187¾	188¼	.....
Corn—					
July ...	180¾	183¼	180⅝	182½	181
Sept. ...	171⅛	173½	170¾	172	171⅝
Oats—					
July ...	105	106	104⅝	105	104⅞
Sept. ...	86⅝	87⅝	86	87¼	86⅞
Pork—					
July ...	34.40	34.85	34.40	34.55	34.60
Sept. ...	36.25	36.60	36.25	36.30	36.55
Lard—					
May ...	20.70	20.75	20.67	20.70	20.80
Sept. ...	21.65	21.75	21.65	21.67	21.22
Ribs—					
July ...	18.30	18.45	18.30	18.37	18.45
Sept. ...	19.30	19.42	19.30	19.37	19.45

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, June 22. — With around 2,500 cattle on sale at the Union Stock Yards yesterday there was a strong demand for all classes of butcher steers and good butcher cows, in fact, for all classes.

The better class of milkers and springers sold readily at satisfactory prices, but the common class were slow of sale and hard to cash in.

With around 800 sheep and lambs on the market yesterday, trade held about steady for all classes. Choice yearlings sold from 11c to 13c, light, handy sheep sold from 9c to 9½c, heavy fat sheep and bucks sold from 8c to 8¾c, choice fat spring lambs from 17½c to 18½c. The heavy sheep were slow of sale, but there was a fair demand for the choice spring lambs, but they have to be fat.

There was around 900 calves on sale yesterday and the market was lower on all classes. Choice veal sold from 15c to 16c; medium calves, 13c to 14c; grassers and common, 9c to 11c. The market was from $1 to $1.50 lower on all classes, but the market was easier generally.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, N.Y., June 21.—Cattle receipts, 4,500; dry-fed, 15c to 25c higher; grass, 25c to 50c lower. Shipping steers, $15.50 to $17.50; butchers, $12 to $15.50; yearlings, $15 to $17; heifers, $9 to $14.50; cows, $4 to $11.50; bulls, $7 to $11; stockers and feeders, $6 to $10; fresh cows and springers, $65 to $150.

Calves, receipts 3,000; $6.50 to 15.50.

Hogs, receipts 10,400; strong to 50c higher. Heavy, $16.25 to $16.50; mixed, $16.50; yorkers, $16.50 to $16.60; light yorkers, $15.50 to $16.50; pigs, $15.50; roughs, $12.75 to $13; stags, $8 to $10.

Sheep and lambs, receipts 2,800; slow, 50c lower. Lambs, $12 to $17.50; yearlings, $8 to $15; wethers, $8.50 to $9; ewes, $3 to $8; mixed sheep, $8 to $8.50.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 21.—Cattle—Receipts 20,000; bulk beef steers steady to 25c lower; top heavy, $16.90, and yearlings $16; other grades 25c to 40c lower; few choice cows and heifers steady, other she-stock mostly 25c to 40c lower; bulls steady; stockers and feeders, weak, unevenly, 25c to 40c lower; calves, 25c lower.

Hogs—Receipts 48,000; market active, opened 10c to 25c lower; closed strong to 10c to 15c higher thn early; top, $15.75; bulk light and light butchers, $15.40 to $15.70; bulk 250 pounds and over, $14.35 to $14.40; pigs, 25c lower with bulk $12.25 to $13.

Sheep—Receipts 15,000; over half direct to packers very good Idaho lambs, $16.25; best native, $16; bulk, $14 to $16; California lambs, $15.50; best yearlings, $12; choice ewes, $6.50 to $7; few, $7.50; California ewes, $7; best feeder lambs, $13.65 to $13.90.

One Slain In Race Riot.

CHICAGO, June 22.—A sailor was killed and three persons, including a city patrolman were injured late Sunday in a riot between whites and negroes on Chicago's South Side. The trouble started when a white man made a slurring remark as a parade, composed of negroes, was passing the corner of Thirty-fifth street and Prairie avenue. The parade disbanded and the negroes started in pursuit of the white man. He fled. Other whites went to his rescue and several policemen attempted to stop the trouble. Shooting started when the police appeared.

A party of British drapers is visiting Toronto.

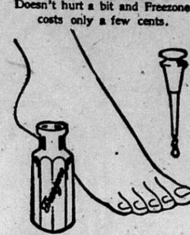
Wellington's Coach.

When Lord Kenyon offers his great East End estate for sale one of its best remembered features will not be included in the lot. Lord Kenyon bought the estate from Sir John Tyrell's family, and with it the famous post chaise in which the Duke of Wellington (who gave Sir John the coach) rode through the Peninsular War and at Waterloo.

The carriage is a curiosity in itself, as visitors to Kensington Museum, where it was "permanently" loaned by Lord Kenyon, may see for themselves. The coach comes in half and makes two separate carriages if necessary.—London Globe.

Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freezone costs only a few cents.



With your fingers! You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.

A tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs little at any drug store; apply a few drops upon the corn or callus. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callus right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. Truly! No humbug!

Faulty Wills.

Like many another great lawyer, including in recent years Lord Grimthorpe, Lord St. Helier, and Judge Bacon, Judge Rentoul failed to make his will properly.

In spite of his legal knowledge, he made an unattested alteration in the body of the will, with the result that an affidavit of due execution had to be made by one of the witnesses before the document could be admitted to probate.

The most confusing legal will on record, perhaps, was that of Lord Grimthorpe, who died in 1905. Lord Grimthorpe's estate was valued at two millions sterling, and his will contained no fewer than fourteen contradictory codicils which the Probate Court was obliged to investigate very carefully before it could be proved. It took nearly two years to obtain probate.

When Judge Francis Bacon died in June, 1911, he left a fortune of £11,000. But the will, made on a sheet of foolscap, contained several alterations and interlineations which were not signed or witnessed, the consequence being that before probate was granted careful legal investigations had to be made.

Then there was the case of Lord St. Helier, better known, perhaps as Sir Francis Jeune, who died in 1905, and whose will contained so many confusing codicils that it occupied the court for some considerable time. It was discovered, for instance, among other things, that his lordship had left a legacy to a clerk who had been dead ten years.

"It is shocking to reflect upon the litigation which has been occasioned by laymen making their own wills." This was said by Lord St. Leonards, the famous lawyer, who often declared that his will would be a "testamentary masterpiece." And yet when he died there was probably more litigation over his will than over any other, for the simple reason that it could not be found, although certain codicils were discovered. It was only when the intentions of the testator had been proved by these codicils and the recollections of his daughter, who had acted as his secretary, that Lord St. Leonards' property was finally disposed of.—Tit-Bits.

How Spies Are Detected

BRITAIN'S methods of dealing with the German spy menace at the outbreak of the war are being described by the London Post. Briefly speaking, the plan was to watch the spy and not intern him. So long as the spies thought they were not suspected they were kept at work and the British Government was apprised of all their activities. Had they been immediately arrested their places would have been taken by other and unknown spies. The United States Government had more potential German spies within its borders when the war broke out and after the United States entered the war than all the other combatants combined. The task of dealing with them was tremendous, but it was very successfully handled, partly by Government agents and partly by volunteer detectives, whose patriotism led them to the task. Much credit, too, must be given to the British and French detectives who went to the United States to guard the plants that were making munitions in the days of American neutrality. By the time the United States stepped into the conflict the Government organization was remarkably effective.

Some illustrations of the methods employed are given in the New York Tribune by Fred. C. Kelly. He mentions a case in which it was discovered that secrets concerning airplane manufacture were leaking out. One of twelve men was the traitor; the question was to locate him. It was arranged that each of these men should be entrusted with some supposed secret about the planes. No two of the stories were alike. One of the stories leaked out. The other eleven did not. It was a plain inference who was the spy. Somewhat similar was the scheme whereby the country was rid of the numerous German agents masquerading in the uniform of American naval officers. To stop and interrogate every man in uniform was manifestly impossible. So secret instructions were given to every naval officer that on a certain day he would make some slight and inconspicuous change in his dress. Every officer did so. The uniformed Germans having no information of the change appeared as usual and Mr. Kelly says that every one of them was arrested.

Another method was used upon a prominent Cleveland hyphenate named Fritz Baumgartner. It was learned that he had placed an order in a small New York factory for dies to be used in the manufacture of rifles. Investigation showed that the rifles were of the Mauser type. Chief De Woody, of the Cleveland bureau, concluded that this was a case in which Baumgartner would have to give evidence against himself. He selected half a dozen or more of Baumgartner's friends whose patriotism was beyond doubt, and acting on instructions these friends, every time they met Baumgartner, would say: "What's the matter, Fritz. Been losing sleep? You look as though you had all the worries of the world on your mind." At this time Fritz was not particularly conscious of worrying, but presently, the idea having been so strongly suggested, he did worry, and of course what he worried over was the fear that the United States Government would discover the incident of the German rifles. This treatment was kept up for a couple of weeks, and at the end of that time Fritz called upon Chief De Woody and confessed that the rifles were intended for shipment to German sympathizers in Mexico. He was interned.

A case that baffled De Woody and his assistants for a long time was the disappearance of William Warm, editor of a Hungarian newspaper in Cleveland. The first clue to his pernicious activities came when Dumba's mail was seized at a British port and a reference found to "our good friend the Hungarian editor." Before the good friend could be arrested he had disappeared. He reached New York and went into hiding while Federal agents sought him in vain. Finally, to make good a half-jocular boast that he could find Warm, De Woody went to New York and made inquiries at the last house where he had been known to stay. The porters and other people about the apartments had been questioned several times, but while willing to tell all they knew, they could give no hint as to Warm's whereabouts. But as he talked with one of them, Dr. Woody was struck by the fact that Warm's little boy was mentioned.

He walked out of the house and stopping at the first group of youngsters he saw playing in the street, he said: "Do any of you boys know Billy Warm?" One answered: "Jimmy saw him the other day." Jimmy at first refused to give any information, fearing that De Woody was a truant officer, but presently his scruples being overcome, he was able to lead the sleuth to the Warm household. An arrest immediately ensued. Still another ruse was employed to locate a man named Robinson. He was known to be in hiding within a radius of fifteen miles of a little town in the Catskills, but the closest search had failed to locate him and he was wanted in a hurry. The detectives suspected that two chauffeurs in a certain garage knew Robinson and communicated with him, but the drivers were staunch. One day an officer entered the garage and calling up New York, said: "Well, we've got Robinson; or anyhow we know where he is in hiding a few miles out of here. We're going to drive out and get him in a little while." He calculated that the word would be passed to Robinson who would thereupon break cover; and this is what happened, and the next day he was arrested on a train.

Cornish Tin Miners.

The men who work in the Cornish tin mines are a class by themselves, and all their differences are adjusted by the stannary courts, as they are called from the Latin word stannum, says an exchange.

These curious courts have existed in their present form since the middle of the thirteenth century, and, in a simpler form, much earlier; and the miners claim to be free from all other jurisdiction, "except in matters affecting the land, life or limb."

Very Odd.

"How do you pronounce 'pneumonia'?" asked the French boy, who had come to England to learn the language.

His only chum told him.

"That's odd," replied the young Gaul. "It says in the story I am reading that the doctor pronounced it fatal."

Advertising !

THE biggest men in the country have found that the easiest way to spell success is to A-D-V-E-R-T-I-S-E. Suppose the newspaper did not publish the news, how would the people know what is happening? If you don't publish the Store News how will the people know about your goods? You can never sell the goods people do not know you have.

Advertising is telling about your stock. The firm that advertises gets ahead, every time, of the firm that does not advertise. Shopworn and out-of-date stock is the penalty merchants pay for not advertising.

PRINTING!

Counter Check Books
Letter Heads
Posters
Envelopes
Menu Cards
Statement Heads
Programmes
Dodgers
Calling Cards
Memorial Cards
Circulars
Bill Heads
Wedding Cards
Note Heads

We guarantee our work

The Napanee Express

DAYS OF FENIAN RAI

CITIZENS OF YOUNG CANADA WERE EXCITED.

Old Torontonian Recalls the Surprise of Everybody When the Authorities of the United States Permitted Dastardly Attack Upon a Small and Friendly Neighbor.

PRIOR to 1860 the question of freeing the slaves in the south was creating such political agitation between the Northern and Southern States of America which was finally brought to a head whether Kansas should be admitted to the Union as a free or a slave state. The Southern States were solidly in favor of slavery, whence arose the term "The Solid South" and with the election of the Republican candidate, Abraham Lincoln, a pronounced abolitionist, the States in the South seceded one after another, and the great Civil War went on with its varying fortunes till the surrender of Gen. Lee to Gen. Grant brought it to a close.

During all the time the war was on, the Fenian organizations in the States were very active advocating their cause, and numerous threats were made about invading Canada.

The close of the Civil War and the subsequent disbanding of the soldiers let free hundreds of Irish soldiers and those who were in sympathy with the movement, were enrolled under Gen. O'Neil, who organized the movement to attack Canada.

The Canadian Government were warned as to the intentions of the Fenians, and also to expect a rising of local sympathizers, but did not take the question as seriously as they should, nor did any sane person think it possible that an attempt of such a nature would be allowed by the American Government.

The winter of '65 and '66 passed with many rumors of raids, but on the 17th March it was definitely stated that there would be local disturbances in Toronto, and to guard against this all the local volunteers were kept under arms in the drill shed, south of Wellington, by Simcoe, the whole day.

I well remember what a bitter cold day it was—the ground was bare of snow and as hard as flint. A biting north wind blew all day and the poor boys in the drill shed suffered terribly from the cold. The day passed quietly, as on account of the tense feeling there was no outward demonstration or procession, and St. Patrick was honored quietly at home and by the usual concert in the city.

With so many rumors and threats about the Fenians, the military authorities were on their toes all the time. The different regiments were kept up to full strength. In addition to the volunteers were the 30th Regiment of the line and a brigade of artillery.

As I remember how bitterly cold St. Patrick's Day was, so well I remember how hot the weather was on June the 1st. Phew, but it was warm. We were busy planting dahlia bulbs by a tall Norway spruce hedge, the pride of the nursery from the length, vigor and evenness of its shape, but the [illegible]wn on us unmercifully. [illegible] thermometer showed 100 degrees in the shade, and any excuse was sufficient to make us stop work. But when the word came that the volunteers were to report at once for active service, that the Fenians were crossing Niagara in force. The 30th Regiment, regulars, stationed in Toronto, were on the march. Extras from the Leader and the Globe were flying around and being read by excited people. Goodbye, dahlias, there was no more planting that day.

This was real excitement. War! War, while every fresh extra would state fresh alarms. But the same old spirit was there as in 1812. No hesitation. Brickyards stopped work, farmers left their ploughs and gardeners their planting, and all hurried into the city to get the latest news.

The day was passed amid great excitement, watching the bulletin boards, the beating of drums, with the troops boarding the cars on their way to Niagara. June 2nd the same scorching hot weather continued, and news was eagerly watched for by throngs who gathered early around the newspaper offices, anxiously looking for news, and the bulletins came thick and fast, such as: "Enemy in force at Ridgeway, and firing began on both sides." How thrilling was the excitement only those present can realize. Several names appeared on the board. "Ensign McEachren shot. Mark Defries shot." And as the other details came the excitement grew to fever pitch. So passed the day in frenzy, with wondering remarks, "Where were the regulars? What are they doing?" And not till afterwards came fuller details, that the situation was in hand, that some Fenians were captured and Gen. O'Neil was in full retreat.

Not till the funeral of dead volunteers was held, and the whole city turned out to do honor to the brave boys, and the solemn tones of the Dead March as the cortege sadly followed the coffins on the guns, with the Union Jacks lovingly and proudly draped over them, did the people realize the dastardly villainy of the raid, and it would have fared ill for any prisoners had the crowd got hold of them.

The country was deserted, as everyone for miles had gone to the city. The Fenian prisoners were escorted and guarded carefully by a troop of cavalry on their way to the city jail.—J. McP. Ross, in Toronto Telegram.

Ralph Connor's New Post.

According to an official announcement from Provincial Secretary Armstrong, of Manitoba, Dr. C. W. Gordon (Ralph Connor), will be appointed chairman of the Joint Council of Industry to be set up by the Provincial Government under the Industrial Conditions Act.

Suspicions.

"I admire patience an' self-control," said Uncle Eben, "but when I see a man dat kin keep on smilin' after he done bruise his thumb with a hammer I can't help bein' suspicious of his capacity for deceit."

Cloves.

Ninety per cent. of the world's supply of cloves comes from the Zanzibar Archipelago, but it is asserted that a large proportion is lost through inefficient means employed in picking the crop.

THE OLD CHICORA.

Best-Known Boat That Ever Plied Lake Ontario Waters.

A veteran of three wars, the most popular boat that ever sailed the Great Lakes; a victim of the great storm which swept Ontario last December when she sank; raised, dragged through the Division Court and now to be refitted for passenger service. All this is only part of the halo of romance that hangs around the steamship Chicora, built in Liverpool by Airds Company in 1864—56 years ago. At that time she could walk away from any battleship, and was built to run the blockade of the United States men-o'-war blockading the ports of the Southern Confederacy, and carry in goods from England. Under the ownership and command of Captain George Boyton, she plied between the British port of Turk's Island in the Bahamas, and the blockaded city of Charlestown, S.C. On one notable trip the vessel was spotted by one of the American patrol boats of the blockading squadron, but left the "Yank" far behind.

Crossing the Atlantic was no mean feat for this 518-ton, iron, paddle-wheel vessel. She is only 230 feet long, is 52 feet wide at her greatest breadth, and is built over a slender hull. In 1870 the Chicora was called into war service for the second time. In May of that year she sailed from Collingwood, Ont., with Col. Garnet Wolseley, late Viscount Wolseley, and a detachment of the regulars from the 60th Rifles of the regiment of H.R.H. Prince Arthur. The troops were landed on the shores of Thunder Bay and formed the first expedition for the suppression of the Riel Rebellion.

Great difficulties were experienced at first as the only lock by which vessels could pass from the level of Lake Superior was owned and controlled by the State of Michigan. Several cargoes of supplies as well as a great number of troops had to be disembarked at the Canadian Sault and portaged across to Point Aux Pins on the Canadian side of the rapids, where they were picked up by another boat and taken to their destination.

In 1874 the Chicora gained further distinction by being chartered as a special yacht for the use of Lord Dufferin, then Governor-General, on a tour through North Ontario and the Upper Lakes.

In 1878 the vessel was taken off the service of the Upper Lakes and was brought to Toronto and placed on a regular run from Toronto to Niagara. For ten years she ran single-handed until relieved by the Cibola in 1888. The following year she was overhauled and again ran on the Toronto-Niagara service until 1904, when she was placed in Kingston, Ont., drydock and replated at an expense of $37,000.

Returning on the Niagara service, and for four years carried troops and stores to the military camp at Niagara-on-the-Lake.

While the vessel was on the Toronto-Niagara route tens of thousand of Canadians and tourists from every part of the globe have fared forth as passengers on this veteran of the Great Lakes. Middle-aged citizens fondly remember the days of childhood when from a ferry-boat or from some island beach they watched the long, graceful hull gliding through the water, a black banner of smoke trailing from her twin stacks of red, her unmistakable whistle resounding melodiously as she swept into Toronto Bay. Memories of pleasant summer days, picnics, jaunts to Niagara are conjured up for many tourists by the name Chicora.

The name Chicora is the southern Indian word for Land of Flowers, and was a term applied by the early Spanish discoverers to the Florida-Mississippi country, and, to the plains beyond. Her first name was "Let-Her-Be," and she was a sister ship to "Let-Her-Rip" and "Let-Her-Go."

Previous to the war she was valued at $43,000. During the great storm which swept Ontario on the first of December, 1919, the Chicora, in her ice-bound slip, was damaged and sank to the bottom of the bay. She was raised and put up for sale, and was sold to a Toronto lawyer for $4,000. The Chicora is to be refitted and used on the passenger service on Lake Ontario in the early future.

Indians Did Nobly In Great War.

An interesting record of the part that the Canadian Indians played in the Great War is told in the report of the Department of Indian Affairs for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1919, tabled in the House by Hon. Arthur Meighan, Minister of the Interior. More than 4,000 Indians from the various tribes enlisted with the C.E.F. This was over 35 per cent. of the Indians of military age. One man, John Campbell, a full-blooded Indian, traveled 3,000 miles by trail, canoe and river steamer to enlist. Indians were decorated for various deeds of bravery. Several served as snipers, and Corpl. Francis Pegahmagabow, of Parry Sound, was credited with having killed 378 Germans.

Afghan Golf.

Habibullah Khan, late Amir of Afghanistan, became a golf enthusiast and during the year 1910, and for three years, played the game almost daily. He had links built at both Kabul and Jellalabad. He lost a ball one day in the neighborhood of some store sheds that had recently been erected for storing electrical machinery that was arriving. He sent some companies of soldiers and had all the machinery removed and the godowns torn down that same day. He told me once, says A. C. Jewett, in Asia, that whereas the year before he only played four holes at golf in a day, he now played as many as six. He often drove off and then rode to the ball in his rickshaw.

Once when he was playing against his oldest son, Prince Inayatullah, his Majesty's ball lodged behind a bunch of camel grass. He asked the Scotch engineer, who was acting as instructor and coach, what the rules were and whether the ball could be moved out from behind the grass. When told that the rules prohibited this, he asked if the rules could be changed; and when told that this might be done, said, "We will make it a rule that when a ball falls behind a bunch of camel grass, it can be moved out." A little later the prince's ball lodged behind a bunch of camel grass, and the Amir, noting it, said, "We will change the ruling; the ball cannot be moved."

There is little of the true sporting instinct in an Afghan. They will lie and cheat, anything to win, and are very poor losers. The Amir generally won. I do not believe anyone ever dared to beat him except the prince.

Porcupines at Home

IN my many years of woods roaming I have had the privilege of more than a mere passing acquaintance with the porcupine. Will it be betraying confidences if I describe a few meetings? You see, he never made a bosom companion of me, any more than of anyone else, for he is certainly the most dour if not surly inhabitant of the northern wilds. However, we have exchanged visits in the most neighborly manner, and the familiarity has never turned to contempt.

It was a mid-morning in the New Brunswick wilderness when he first sought me out. My companion happened to be alone in the tent. Without knock or scratch, in he came through the back flaps and, raising his quills, demanded grub. My companion had never met his like before, didn't like his attitude, and choosing discretion as the most convenient impulse, hurled the scissors at his head and fled. I was cutting fuel at the foot of the glade and my interest was immediately aroused by the report that a wild beast had invaded the tent. By the time I was there, however, he had made up his ponderous decision that there was nothing of interest lying about, and was slowly making his exit by the front door. I stepped politely aside to let him pass, but do you think he would deign so much as to give me a glance!

A few weeks later we met him again. I was standing to my knees in the centre of the Tinkettle, when he pushed through the dense tangle of alders and birch and started diagonally across the stream in a bee line for my legs. His own stubby limbs could just about touch the bottom, and his gray-black back was half awash as he paddled along. He evidently was too short of sight or else too preoccupied with his own peculiar affairs to notice a mere human in the path, and I enjoyed the joke immensely. That is, at first I did. As he came steadily nearer, his small jetty eyes immovably fixed, I began to take a sympathetic interest in my bare legs. It was all right to be on intimate terms, but you didn't exactly want him to rub up against you, kitten fashion. Perhaps he was bluffing, just as I was, but anyway he won. When I saw him within five feet I decided to break the silence, and gave a sharp whistle. Now, did he start or puff himself out or come to a stop, as any well-behaved creature would under such circumstances? No such vulgar emotion for him. He simply swerved half a point to starboard so as to clear my bows by a narrow margin, and plodded steadily on.

"I admire your nerve, old fellow," I said aloud. But even that brought no response. After all, a common 'coon or even a woodchuck makes a more amiable companion.

Everytime I go into the woods I run across my prickly friend, or his handiwork. His greed, or inquisitiveness, takes him into every deserted lumber camp or stable he can find agape, where he proceeds to dine luxuriously on empty fish-boxes, broken harness, mangers, or what not. All that he demands is that the object retain a trace of salt or grease or other long-lost delicacy—and he falls to. In one old camp there was a grindstone gnawed until it looked like a half-consumed pie. No doubt the lard used in the winters of ax-sharpening had soaked deep into the soft sandstone. But no one but a porcupine would have gone quite so far as that. His teeth must have looked like needles by the season's end. And as for the long, narrow portage trails and corduroyed lumber roads, he is the most frequent traveler you will meet on a day's journey. Maybe other folk are as numerous, but then you see he is the only one who does not shun publicity as a bat does light. Indeed he is as indifferent to your existence as he is to a lynx's or a bear's, and is a lion in the path to everything that walks. However, I have succeeded in cracking his mental crust more than once.

We had pitched our little tent on Merchants Lake in the Algonquin Park, and were in process of rustling grub, when my comrade caught me by the arm, whispering, "See coming down the tree! Is it a bear?"

It was a porcupine, of course, but as the tail first made its appearance as the creature backed down the trunk, the mistake was not surprising—at least would not have been if bears had tails. We stepped over for a close-up inspection. The chap by that time had his hind legs on the sward. There he stopped, eyed us intently for many seconds and—decided to continue his supper at the top of the tree. Slowly, with the utmost deliberation, he began to retrace his course, clutching the bark with his sharp-nailed forepaws and hunching himself upward like a boy shinnying a pole. When he was well on his way we returned to the frying-pan and its sizzling contents.

"He must have a poor conscience—for a porcupine," I explained.

We heard him come down, with a thump, around midnight, again startling my comrade, who was having his initiation into wilderness ways.

The following summer, the first night out, he tried to get even with us by pushing the tent over. We were awakened by a bulky object bulging the silk exactly over our faces. I was half amused, half exasperated and, sticking my head through the flaps, shouted, "Here, you, beat it!" Of course it was slangy and rude of me, but the visitor took the hint and "beat" it.

As Summer Boarders.

Jud Tunkins, according to the Washington Star, says that this year's farm hands expect to make enough to come back next year as summer boarders.

A Gifted Queen.

In addition to a knowledge of Malay, Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands speaks French, German and English as fluently as her native Dutch, and she also knows something of Italian and Russian.

Hard Luck.

"Now, Kitty, it's time for bed," said the mother.

"Darn it!" said Kitty. "I'm too young to sit up at night an' too old to stay in bed in the morning."

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

May Pass the Critical Period Safely and Comfortably by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Regina, Sask.—"I was going through Change of Life and suffered for two years with headache, nervousness, sleepless nights and general weakness. Some days I felt tired and unfit to do my work. I gave Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and found good results, and I also find it a very helpful Spring tonic and useful for constipation from which I suffer much. I have recommended Vegetable Compound to several friends, and am willing you should publish this."—Mrs. MARTHA W. LINDSAY, 810 Robinson St., Regina, Sask.

If you have warning symptoms such as a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backache, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness, inquietude, and dizziness, get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin taking the medicine at once. We know it will help you as it did Mrs. Lindsay.

HOW THE POOR LIVE.

Interesting Street Life Seen In Old London.

The street markets of London are among the distinctive and picturesque "sights of the town" to which curious "rubbernecks" from foreign parts pay special visits and homage. There is nothing in the world quite like them.

The open-air markets of the continent, especially in France, with their gay display of flowers and dainty etalage of vegetables, are a different thing altogether. Only in China, in ancient, remote, and un-Europeanized quarters, is anything like the same interesting fulness and variety of perfume to be encountered.

Take, for instance, the New Cut between Waterloo road and Blackfriars road, Lambeth, on a Saturday night. The flaring naphtha lamps belch their characteristic incense. The whelk and tripe and trotter emporia, the fried fish and eel-pie restaurants, the hot-potato oven, and the "places within the meaning of the Act," which represent the Ritz and Berkeley of the poor, all contributed lavishly to the many-scented bouquet of odors.

"Come, girls, tell us what you want and you shall have it," lustily cried the fish-merchant, slapping his slippery wares across each other as if to demonstrate their recent liveliness. "Food prices are going up, but ours are still coming down," yelled the potato vendor.

"Now the beer's weak try the onions," appealed another merchant; "this lot's going stronger than ever." And the people laughed and chaffed and cheerily chaffered, much more gaily than they do at the Bond street shops.

Ten thousand of them are said to pass through this bit of a street between seven and eleven on Saturday night. The market has been there for more than a hundred years. Now it is threatened with extinction because the L. C. C. want to run tramways through the street.

But the stall-keepers for the most part do not seem frightened. "Oh, they've tried to do it before," said one merchant, who had been in the street for thirty years, and whose father had been there before him; "but they durs'n't do it acrost us. We got rights same as other people, and we ain't going to stand it."

Another merchant, who had served his country in France till the beginning of 1920, expressed the changed spirit and temper of the time in a very characteristic speech: "It's hard work to git a livin' at this job. I been at it since four this mornin', and I shan't git home till after midnight. But I got a large family to keep, and, such as it is, this stand is what you might call my bit o' property.

"It's been in the family further back than I can remember. Now what I say is that if Government's going to buy out owners of mining royalties who never done nothin' for their properties, they got to pay me out if they want to shift me. That's only fair and common sense."

That is the general note. The people, even down the New Cut, have learned the meaning of "vested interest."

Electricity Restores Youth.

The electrical instrument which made the late Sir James Grant, consulting physician to the General Hospital, Ottawa, look fifty at the age of eighty-six, was shown to an interviewer recently by the inventor, Mr. T. C. Hodgkinson, of Hammersmith.

Mr. Hodgkinson is seventy-three, but might pass for anything between forty-eight and fifty-two. His face is ruddy, his eyes are bright, and his tread is firm. He has not a trace of baldness and moves with the ease of a man of twenty-five. He did three years' munition work, putting in ten to twelve hours a day.

The electro-neurotone, as the machine is called, is three to four inches in length and two and a half inches wide and high. It has a controlling switch to regulate the current and is worked by a dry battery. Applied to the skin, it produces a pleasant tickling sensation.

"How does this keep one young?" Mr. Hodgkinson was asked.

"Sir James Grant," he replied, "explained it in the Montreal Medical Journal as making possible the building of more tissue, the absorption of more oxygen, and great improvement in nutrition. A person not only feels younger but looks younger, for defective blood-making power shows itself particularly in the face.

"Dr. Grant cites the case of a woman, aged seventy-eight, who, after neurotone treatment, moved about with the activity of twenty years before and said she felt almost youthful."—Tit-Bits.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Wilson's Hardware Store

Summer Necessities

For Your Comfort

Refrigerators
Screen Doors
Screen Windows
Ice Cream Freezers
Electric Toasters
Electric Irons
Electric Washing Machines.

KEEP COOL and ENJOY the SUMMER.

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138

HARRY E. SMITH
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee
9-5-m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential 39

JOHN T GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

For Spring Weather

A good pair of Shoes are very necessary in spring.

Perhaps a new sole or a little neat patching may make old boots servicable.

Bring them to us. We guarantee our workmanship.

F. P. TENDALL,

O'Brien's Old Stand, west of Campbell House.

No connection with any other firm.

Pure Manilla Hay Fork Rope at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Copalline varnish is for floors, linoleums and woodwork. It dries with a fine gloss, is not sticky and wears like iron. Water won't turn it white. Sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S.

RACES AT THE NAPANEE DRIVING PARK

DOMINION DAY, JULY 1st

$1500.00 will be given in prizes for Horse Races. There will be 2.10, 2.18 and 2.30 classes. All races are filled. Some of the best horses in Canada will be here and good racing is assured. A baseball game will be played by Picton and Napanee. Music will be furnished by the 14th BATTALION MILITARY BAND of Kingston and the BOYS NAVAL BRIGADE BAND. The Driving Park grounds are the finest in Canada and a most enjoyable afternoon is assured. Automobiles admitted free.

NEW LOCATION

F. S. SCOTT'S BARBER SHOP

Is now located on John Street, and we assure you of courteous attention.

SHOE - SHINE - PARLOR with special accommodation for ladies.

CIGARS, CIGARETTES, PIPES, TOBACCOS.

We do Amateur Photographic Work. Films may be left at shop, or F. S. Scott's residence.

Every Day is Bargain Day

—at—

SYMINGTON'S

above the Fair Grocery.

Seeds, Machinery, Etc.

THOS. SYMINGTON.

We have a number of used

Ford Cars

in good condition

FOR SALE

at prices that are right.

W. J. NORMILE

Government White Fish, coming in twice a week, 17c a lb.

E. R. TODD,
Market Meat Shop.

Union Sunday School Picnic

Churches of Napanee,

At Driving Park

Wednesday Afternoon, July 7th, 1920

Everyone is Welcomed.
Bring Your Baskets.

36 Events. $150.00 for Prizes

Make this Napanee's Greatest Field Day.

Get your Program at Sunday School, on Sunday.

MRS. JOHNSTON'S

Headquarters for

Fur Remodelling

—also—

High-Grade Waists

Middies and Children's Rompers

MRS. L. JOHNSTON, - Napanee

Next door to Allen's.

11-6-m

GRACE METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor.

10.30 and 7.00—Worship in Trinity Church.

11.45—Sunday School.

Tuesday, 8.00 p.m.—Prayer and praise in Trinity Church.

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association

will ship Hogs and Cattle on MONDAY NEXT. Bring your Hogs and Cattle and get the highest price paid.

SID. C. S. McKIM,
Manager.

---o---

Hogs and Calves Wanted.

Will ship Hogs and Calves on Saturday, June 26th, and will pay Highest Market Price for select hogs weighing 150 lbs. or over. $4.00 off for sows. 8c. to 12c. for good Veal Calves.

J. W. HAMBLY,
G. H. WILLIAMS.
'Phone 47.

---o---

Hogs, Cattle and Calves.

Will ship hogs, cattle and calves on Monday, June 28th, and pay $18.50 or $18.75 cwt. for hogs. Hold your hogs for Monday. May pay more if market advances. Veal calves from 10c. to 16c. lb. Fat cattle and bulls wanted. Can pay the highest price.

FRED WILSON,
Telephone 226.

---o---

Harvest Tools—Hay Fork Rope.

Our hay fork rope is of the best pure manilla and the cheapest rope made, more feet to the pound made of pure, long fibre. Last longer than cheaper grade and when weighed up costs less money Ask for pure manilla rope at

BOYLE & SON

---o---

War Trophies

The Napanee Historical Society has received notice that the director of war trophies has alloted to the town of Napanee one trench mortar, to the Collegiate Institute one machine gun and to the Historical Society one machine gun. All of these trophies were captured from the Germans by the Canadian forces.

---o---

Badly Burned.

Mr. Seldon Dryden, an employee of Messrs. Boyle & Son, met with a serious accident while at work on Thursday morning. He was using a gasolene soldering pot, and in some manner it exploded throwing the burning gasolene over Mr. Dryden. His face, head and arms were badly burned.

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All go to G.T.R. Station, Napanee.

The C. N. R. Toronto train arriving in Napanee at 10.25 p. m. will continue on the Grand Trunk to Kingston, and returning next morning, arriving at Napanee at 7 p.m., continuing to Toronto. Going east a train will leave Napanee at 8.50 a.m. for Kingston, and returning over the G.T.R. in the evening at 7.40. Men are at work altering the tracks at the station so that all pasenger trains, both C.N.R. and G.T.R. will stop at the G.T.R. station.

---o---

Card of Thanks.

The members of the "U. E. Loyalist" Chapter I.O.D.E., desire herewith to express their deep appreciation, especially to all the cast in "Why She Loved Him," and to all the members of the choruses and soloists, who so cheerfully and unselfishly gave of their time and talents in the recent very successful production, under the able direction of Mr T. H. Bird, very generously consenting to play in several localities, all of which has thoroughly aroused the gratitude of the Chapter. Our very sincere thanks are also extended to all those who kindly furnished cars for transportation of the Company, and to all who in any way contributed to the success of the entertainment.

---o---

Wilson-Todd.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Wilson, on Tuesday, at noon, their second daughter, Emma Grace, became the bride of Mr. Frederick R. Todd, of Hamilton, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Todd, of Blenheim, Ont. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Shorey. The young bride, who was unattended, looked lovely in a gown of fawn crepe de chene, embroidered with turquoise blue. Following the ceremony a buffet lunch was served and the newly weds left on a trip to Toronto and other western points. The bride's travelling costume was of navy blue serge with navy picture hat. Mr. and Mrs. Todd, on their return from their honeymoon, will reside in Hamilton. The many friends of the young bride wish her every joy.

---o---

Adolphustown Memorial Resolution.

At a service on Sunday morning in the old Methodist church on Hay Bay, the following resolution was passed :

"Moved by Joseph B. Allison, Esq., seconded by John C. Davis, Esq., that this congregation assembled in the old Methodist church, Hay Bay, on this Sabbath morning, June 20th, 1920, express our approval of the "Adolphustown Memorial" proposal outlined to us by Allan R. Davis, Toronto, chairman of the Trustee Board of this original Methodist church in Canada, of purchasing and equiping with farm buildings, implements, live stock, and such residues as may be required, 400 acres of land adjoining this church for the maintenance and support of sick and worn-out missionaries, deaconesses, nurses and other worthy servants of the church ; and we recommend that the matter be brought before the Bay of Quinte Conference at this session, and afterwards before all the officials of the Methodist Church of Canada." Carried unanimously.

---o---

All returned soldiers of the county are especially requested to be present at the ceremony of Unveiling War Memorial Monument.

Executive
War Memorial Committee.

Individual Custom Tailoring

That is CORRECT in STYLE and FIT.

Cut from the fabric you choose and skillfully made.

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, - Napanee.

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

10.30—Morning service.

11.45 — Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7.00—Evening service.

Wednesday, 7.30—Midweek meeting for prayer and Bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :

8.00—Holy Communion.

10.30—Morning Prayer.

A statement will be made to those who subscribed to the Anglican Forward Movement.

12.00—Sunday School.

7.00—Evensong.

Sermon on "The Christian Healing Mission."

Going Fishing ?

Trowling lines, silk lines, spons, flies and artificial bait, in great variety at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

---o---

Market Grocery.

Fresh Norwegian sardines, strawberries and fresh fruits.

THOMPSON BROS.

---o---

East End Barber Shop

Everything neat, ; First class Workmen ; Cigars, Tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. Osborne.

---o---

Cars for Hire.

We have cars for hire, day or night. Good cars. Good service. Prices reasonable.

W. J. NORMILE.
24-tf.

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Notice.

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, she having left my bed and board without just cause.

THOS. PEARSON.

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YARD—BELL

A quiet but pretty wedding took place on Monday, June 21st, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Bell, 269 William street, Belleville, when their eldest daughter, Alice A., became the bride of Frederick C. L. Yard, Rev. W. H. Wallace officiating The bride was tastefully attired in Alice blue silk and carried a beautiful boquet of white roses. They were unattended and left on the 3 o'clock train for Toronto. On their return they will reside in Belleville.

---o---

You'll need Wallace's preserving powder for your fruit more than ever this year with sugar so scarce. It's ten cents a package at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

---o---

TWO SISTERS WEDDED

A Double Ceremony at the Home of Mr. and Mrs. George Spring, Bath.

On Wednesday, June 9th, at 9.30 a. m., a double wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Spring, Bath, when their two daughters were married.

Phyllis Fern became the bride of Mr. Clarence R. Thompson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Winslow Thompson, and Vera Grace became the bride of Mr. J. Edgar Thompson, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Thompson. The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. Bedford.

The brides entered the drawing room on the arms of their father, while Lohengrin's weding march was being played by Miss Marion Wilson, Napanee. They were a picture of girlish loveliness in their simple wedding gowns of ivory satin and georgette, trimmed with seed pearls. Their veils of tulle were caught with a bandeau of pearls and orange blossoms and they carried boquets of sweetheart roses and carnations. They were unattended. During the signing of the register Miss Wilson played " O Promise Me "

The home was beautifully decorated with carnations, snow balls and ferns. Immediately following the ceremony a buffet luncheon was served, the guests numbering about fifty. After luncheon the happy couples left on a trip to New York, the brides travelling in navy tricotine suits, opening over blouses of ninon, of contrasting shade, and taupe hats with French flowers.

Upon their return they will reside on the farms of the grooms, near Bath. The many beautiful gifts show the high esteem in which the young people are held. Among the gifts were handsome cheques for each from the brides' father and mother.

---o---

Fly Oil.

Dr. Williams' Fly Oil and Creonoid, will eliminate the fly pest. You get it at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

10.30—Morning service.

11.45—Sunday School.

7.00—Evening service.

The pastor will preach at both services, 10.30 a.m., and 7 p.m.

A FORMER NAPANEEAN YOUNG WOMAN'S INTEREST IN LITERARY PURSUITS.

The following bit of historical sketch is a clipping from the Toronto Globe of June 19th, written by Irene Cowan, ("June Shibley") of Woodstock, formerly of Napanee, and granddaughter of Mrs. Geo. W. Shibley :

MOTORING IN OXFORD COUNTY

The day was ideal in June, and it was decided to take a motor trip through Oxford county, one of Canada's interesting historical centres. Motoring is a delightful recreation. Observation is an education itself, and tourists will find that Canada is a very picturesque country.

The inhabitants of the county of Oxford are chiefly descendants of United Empire Loyalists. The fathers of pioneer days braved the dangers of crucial circumstances, while the mothers reared their families into noble men and women, many of whom stand at the forefront of our nation today.

Oxford county may boast of many notable things. The motor enthusiast while driving through Oxford will observe some of Canada's most up-to-date farms. Many of the farmers specialize in Holstein cattle, and, as a result, some of these world champions win the highest prizes in judging competitions.

West Oxford is somewhat distinguished for its many hills. While gliding over hill after hill one may admire the rolling, graceful valleys. Tall, rich trees along each side of the road make a beautiful picture.

Woodstock, the capital of Oxford, is one of Canada's neat and thriving cities. The population is about 11,000. Admiral Vansittart was its founder, and, in consequence, one of the most beautiful avenues in the city was named after him, viz., Vansittart avenue. Woodstock, in its babyhood, was surrounded by forests, through which the animals roamed at large. Many of the trees stand to-day, adorning the strets. Years of toil has transformed the one-time forest into a thriving city.

Woodstock is also noted for its industry, being a manufacturing centre. While motoring around the city, observers will note the neat, well-kept lawns and flower beds, and the lovely homes of the residents. Indeed, the residential section of Woodstock has many beauty spots.

There several important buildings. Woodstock College is a fine structure. The Court House has a fine appearance and good surroundings. The Ontario Historical Society met in this notable building last year.

There are two other buildings which need honorable mention, namely, the Y.M.C.A. and the Y.W.C.A. The latter institution was formerly the Dufferin Hotel, and was modelled over through the thrift and generous spirit of the citizens into a lovely home for girls.

St. Paul's Church, on Dundas street, is the odest church in the city. It is very quaint and is much esteemed by the older residents.

New St. Paul's Church was the late recipient of lovely chimes, which often ring out in sweetest tones. The parks in Woodstock remain almost in their natural condition. South Side Park is the favorite spot for picnics. A small stream flows through the park, which is a boon to children.

Woodstock is an inland city. Large waters do not bound it. However, the drinking water is excellent. The Woodstock drinking water flows from a natural spring a few miles outside of the city. About four miles west of Woodstock is situated the Thames River. This is one of the prettiest little rivers in Ontario. It is also a favorite summer resort. The banks are bordered with tall trees, while the river itself winds and curves gracefully.

JUNE SHIBLEY.

---o---

Notice to Ex-Soldiers.

The Travelling Board of Doctors for Canadian Board of Pensions Commissioners for Canada will visit Napanee on July 12th. Office, situate G. W. V. A. Club Rooms, Harshaw block. Any ex-member C. E. F. wishing medical examination by the above Board of Doctors, for pensions, or any person or persons dissatisfied with their present medical decision will, at their earliest, get into communication with W. R. Johnston, secretary-treasurer Napanee Branch G. W. V. A., and have their names recorded for medical examination by the travelling Board of Doctors on the date laid down, July 12th. This notice serves to state that Kingston Branch Board Pension Commissioners for Canada is closed, M. D. No. 2, Toronto, being the nearest centre, making Napanee a visiting centre for Pensions Board.

29-e

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Everyone likes a cup of tea—if its good. That is the reason for "Daly's Good Tea" having such a tremenduous sale. You can get it at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

---o---

MANY WOMEN USE GLYCERINE MIXTURE

Napanee women will be surprised at the INSTANT pleasant action of simple glycerine, buckthorn bark, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka. One spoonful relieves ANY CASE gas on stomach or sour stomach. Because Adler-i-ka acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel it often cures constipation and prevents appendicitis. One lady reports herself CURED of a bad case of bowel trouble and constipation. Wallace's Drug Store.

---o---

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Masters & Snider

Funeral Directors and Embalming

Successors to the late firm Carscallen Bros.

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Window Shades, Poles and Trimmings.

Carscallen Bros'. Old Stand
Centre Street, Napanee
Phone —Office 30, Residence 145.
8tf

Notice !

For fresh Creamery Butter go to H. W. KELLY. He gets it in twice a week. Also Whey Butter 10c. a pound cheaper ; very nice when fresh. Also Rose Brand Oleomargarine. Give him a trial.

---o---

Developing and printing by experts. To make sure no films are spoiled by amateurs, let our Toronto expert do your work—prices no higher and prompt service. WALLACE'S, sole agents for kodaks.

WONDERLAND

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Mabel Normand, in a 5-reel Comedy Drama, "UP-STAIRS."
Also "MIDNIGHT MAN."

MONDAY and TUESDAY

Big Double Show, 14 reels, Harold Lockwood, in "A MAN OF HONOR," and Constance Talmadge, in "HAPPINESS A LA MODE."
Also "LIGHTNING BRYCE."

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

June Caprice and Creighton Hale in "THE LOVE CHEAT."
Also "THE BLACK SECRET."

Orchestra Wednesday Night.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

FOR SALE—

GOOD MOTOR BOAT

also

6 H. P. FAIRBANKS-MORSE

STATIONARY

GASOLINE ENGINE

APPLY

W. D. MIDMER
Lumber Dealer

Williams' Fly Oil for horses and cattle, $1.00 the gallon at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Summer Sale !

Money Saving from 20 to 35 per cent.

Note prices and act quick. Sale time is limited.

5 doz. ladies' dainty Crepe Georgette Waists, all colors, our $10.00 line..........................**Sale Price, Listen ! $6.98**
Ladies' Crepe de Chene Waists, reg. $6.00, **Sale $4.50.** Reg. $6.50 **Sale $4.98 ;** and Silk Waists..................**Sale $2.25 up**
Ladies' Fine Voile Waists, reg. $1.75 **at $1.25 ;** reg. $2.50 **at $1.75**
Men's Suits, reg. $25.00 **at $18.00 ;** and reg. $30.00 ......**at $22.00**
Boys' Suits, reg. $8.50 **at $6.00 ;** and reg. $12.00..........**at $8.50**
Men's Socks..........................**Sale price 25c., 35c., 50c. and 59c.**
Men's Underwear, reg. $1.00. ......**Sale 75c. garment or $1.50 suit**
Ladies' Silk Hose, reg. $1.00 **at 50c. ;** reg. $1.50 ......**at 75c. pair**
Ladies' Corsets................**Sale price from $1.25 up to $4.50**
Ladies' Underwear, reg. 50c. **at 35c. ;** reg. 65c.....**at 40c. and 50c.**
Ladies' Drawers, reg. 85c. **at 65c. ;** reg. $1.00...............**at 75c.**
Boys and Men's Bathing Suits...............**at Reduction Prices**
Men's Overalls and Shirts and Trousers......**Reduced 25 per cent.**
500 yards Scrim Curtains, reg. 35c., 40c., 50c **Sale 25c., 30c. 35c. yd.**
Ladies' Silk Poplin Dresses, reg. $20.00...............**Sale $14.98**
Ladies' House Dresses......**Sale price $1.50, $1.75, $1.98 and $2.25**
Children's White or Colored Dresses........**From 98c. up to $3.00**
Ladies' White Skirts, reg. $2.50 **at $1.75 ;** reg. $3.00 ......**at $1.98**
Men's and Ladies' Rain Coats...............**Reduced 35 per cent.**

And all other goods at same reduction.
Do not fail to call and get a bargain.

J. E. YARED,
OPPOSITE ROYAL BANK, NAPANEE.

29-cp

CEMENT !

LUMBER

Building Supplies.

W. D. MIDMER,
Lumber and Building Supplies.
Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.
'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.
45tf

STRAND THEATRE !

House of First-Class Photo Plays

M. MAKER, Proprietor.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, JUNE 25th and 26th

Paramount Artcraft Pictures present Marguerite Clarke, in a five reel Comedy Drama, "LET'S ELOPE."

Also two reel Flagg Comedy, "TELL IT TO THE MARINES." VOD-A-VIL Pictures.

MONDAY and TUESDAY, JUNE 28th and 29th

Artcraft Pictures present Charles Ray in a five reel Western Play, "GREASED LIGHTNING."

Also 2nd episode of the Great Radium Mystery, featuring Cleo Madison, Eileen Sedgwick, and Bob Reeves.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, JUNE 30th and JULY 1st

Paramount Artcraft Pictures present Cecil B. DeMille in a 7-reel special, FOR BETTER OR FOR WORSE."

Also 8th episode of "PERILS OF THUNDER MOUNTAIN."

Napanee Orchestra on Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

REGULAR ADMISSION, 5c. and 10c.

ROYAL HOTEL **BARBER SHOP**
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A TRIAL

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP TOBACCO STORE

Best Attention, Careful Workmen
Quality Brands of Cigars,
Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, Proprietor

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee Ont.

Do not neglect to call and see our big display of

Bracelet Watches

We have beauties, all good grades, as we carry no cheap ones, so our name will carry a guarantee of Good Quality.

Watches from $17.00 Upwards.

Marriage Licenses.
Wedding Rings.
—at—
F. Chinneck's Jewellery Store

Woodhouse's celebrated poultry invigorator, animal invigorator, and louse powder, at DAVY'S Hardware and Stove Store.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT.

ICE

I am in the ice business again this year. Have purchased another ice house and expect to be in a position to supply all demands.

S. CASEY DENISON
CENTRE STREET, NORTH
'Phone 101.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Office—Merchant's Bank Chambers, NAPANEE.
Money to Loan.
Phones—Office 93, Residence 123

U. M. WILSON,
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.
Phones—Office 46, Residence 125
Office—Dundas St., NAPANEE

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE **61**

Dr. CAMERON WILSON
OFFICE—ROBERT STREET
House lately occupied by Mrs A. F. Holmes
Telephone—262.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—**279.**

Dr. R. V. McLAUGHLIN,
DENTIST
Entrance on John Street.
Over Wallace's Drug Store.
Telephone—**10**

W. T. BAIRD
ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR
of Trinity Methodist Church
Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice Culture.
A few pupils will be accepted.
Studio—Bridge Sreet, east.

BUY YOUR
BUTTER WRAPPERS
AT THIS OFFICE

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

FULL STOCK OF
Flour and Feeds, etc. A car of Salt on hand. We are headquarters for
Cream Separators
Call and see them and get our prices.
600 lb. capacity, $69.50.
800 lb. capacity, $74.50.
Sid. C. S. McKIM, Manager
10tf

Pure linseed oil and genuine white lead always in stock at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

For cake or pudding have you tried Bonner's Seeded and Seedless Raisins and Currants. They are the best in the market. H. W. KELLY keeps them. Also Dromedary Dates carefully layered and wrapped in dust proof packages all fresh and good.

PHOTOS **Amateurs Attention** Picture Framing

Have your FILMS DEVELOPED and PRINTED
by a Practical Photographer, at
THE COOKE STUDIO
Next to Napanee Post Office.
ENLARGING COPYING

WE HAVE THEM ALWAYS ON HAND.

Willard—the best Storage Battery. **Hart**—Accumulator Storage Battery. **Columbia**—Hot Shots and Dry Cell Batteries.

Spark Plugs—for all cars. **Light Bulbs**—all sizes.

Pumps, Jacks, H. & D. Shock Absorbers. A full line of Auto Accessories. Gasolene and Best Grade of Oils. Once you call you call again at

GRAHAM'S GARAGE
Next Gibbard's Retail Furniture Store.

Women Can Take Degrees

OXFORD, "the Home of Lost Causes," has given the lie to its ancient reputation, and stands up boldly for the women. It might be regarded as a great forward step, if the war had not given Englishwomen a status that makes this act of Oxford's somewhat old-fashioned. The congregation in this ancient seat of learning has at last voted the right of woman to the full reward of her labors after being taught and examined, which latter privilege she has long enjoyed. "The woman scholar has been knocking at the gates of Oxford University for a generation or so," says the London Telegraph, "demeaning herself, let it be added in fairness, in a manner wholly creditable to her sex." The Telegraph finds all kinds of justification for the action of the congregation, and calls the roll of the great achievements of women, even saying, "But for Queen Elizabeth, who, at sixteen, revealed a man's power of application to her books, the British Empire might not have been founded." Now it summarizes the new liberties bestowed:

"Oxford's new statute carries the movement for the emancipation of women to lengths which would have caused many dons of former days to recoil in nervous dread. They are to wear the academical dress; admission to university lectures and institutions is to be denied them by the Vice-Chancellor only in special cases; graduates will be qualified to act as examiners in all university examinations, and they will have their places on the governing and deliberative bodies. Perhaps in the future women students may be seen taking part in the lofty debates of the union, where young orators first learn the arts which fit them for public life. It is characteristically English that, once the outer trenches of reform have been carried, the movement rushes forward, experiencing little resistance until the heights are carried."

Since educated women have invaded almost all the learned professions, it was inevitable that the "old universities would have to bring themselves into line with the new dispensation." But we find:

"Oxford has had to take much thought before capitulating for the very reason that because women—or at least some women—fall little short of being angels, the ancient statutes are not in all respects fitted for general extension to meet their needs. Prof. William M. Geldart, a Fellow of All Souls, who constituted himself the champion of the women students, admitted that 'there were many portions of existing statutes that were either obsolete or might be found inappropriate.' It is admitted, for instance, that what he euphemistically described as 'the ordinary proctorial methods' of enforcing discipline could not be applied to women. On the other hand, the university is opening to them all the degrees, except those in theology, for which Holy Orders are still required as a condition. Whether that limitation will continue is open to some doubt."

The Manchester Guardian refrains from "exulting over those who so long kept women students a kind of semi-members of the universities of Oxford and Cambridge." It finds reasons for the present grant in the recently changed status of women as a whole which strikes at man's opposition with heavier blows than the positive force of a few women's accomplishments:

"The war has been pretty searching in its dealings with all the old arguments against the admission of women to full comradeship as citizens. The last refuge of the hard-pressed anti-feminist in pre-war days was the argument that as women could not fight for the state, in the physical senses, therefore they ought to be dogged by corresponding disqualifications for serving it in peace. It was a queer piece of mock logic. It was answered a long time ago, when the Medea of Euripide's play said she would rather face three battles than one confinement. She was quite right. And now war itself has changed, as though to make the old fallacy still more clearly fallacious. The late war, during its course, was coming more and more to call for passive as distinct from active physical courage. The element of hand-to-hand fighting, though fervently written up by both sides, was relatively insignificant. Had the war gone on for a few more years our troops in the west would have been living underground, from the front to the coast, and the Germans doing much the same on their side. The amount of efficiency of bomb-fire from the air were increasing out of all proportion to those of any other form of attack; the distinction between front line and other troops, in respect of exposure, was rapidly diminishing, and in 1918, the women of the W.A.A.C. at Abbeville were for some weeks as much bombed as front line troops in an average sector had been shelled in 1915. The ultimate development coming into distant view when the war stopped was a kind of war in which the whole of each side's territory would be attacked by the other almost as freely from bombing by aviators as any other form of attack; the distinction between soldiers and civilians would diminish until it might disappear. If this smiling future should ever be realized for us by any of our lovers of war at any price, women and men would be equally combatant. They would suffer alike from attack, and as attacking would be mainly an aviator's job, and plenty of women are sure to take to aviation soon, they would probably be busy in attacking too. The growth of scientific warfare is not kind to people who wanted to keep women out of the vote because they would not have shone in one of the strong man events that used to be war."

For Tea
Send to H. W. KELLY'S grocery and get a pound of his fancy biscuits; they are cheaper than making a cake when sugar is 20c. per lb. He has fifty different kinds to choose from.

Dust your chickens with Instant Louse Killer. It does the work without harm to the chickens. It's fine for dusting cabbage worms too. For sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

IT HAS SIMPLY TRANSFORMED ME

Amedee Grenon Says Change Tanlac Brought About is Almost Unbelievable.

"The radical change which Tanlac has brought in me is almost unbelievable. It has simply transformed me from a sick man into a healthy one in a very short time," was the statement made by Amedee Grenon, who resides at 1287 Catherine's East, Montreal, a few days ago. Mr. Grenon is a pressman with the well known firm of Desbarats Printing Co.,Ltd and his endorsement should convince the most skeptical that Tanlac is indeed a powerful reconstructive medicine.

"For a whole year I suffered from Lumbago and indigestion, he added. The pains in my back at the height of my belt were so fierce that they bent me in two and made me walk like an old man I could not remain either standing or sitting for more than about two minutes to-gether, the pain was so terrible. Only when lying down on my side could I get any relief and I often went whole nights without sleep. I used endless Belladona plasters but they seemed to have no effect whatever, and then, too, I had the indigestion so bad that after meals I used to feel as if I had swallowed a big stone and the gas would form so in my stomach as to nearly suffocate me. I would be constipated and frequently I would have such severe headaches that I would have to quit work and go to bed.

"It was the statements of other people which led me to give Tanlac a trial, and the relief came to me after I had taken only half a botle. First of all the lumbago pains in my back disappeared entirely and I have not been troubled with it since. My appetite became excellent and indeed surprising and I now have no difficulty at all to digest my food. I am no longer constipated and have been free from the terrible headaches that used to afflict me. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine but I find that I have already gained ten pounds in weight. I would not be without it for worlds, and every day when getting ready to go to my work, I never forget to put in my dinner pail my dose of Tanlac."

Tanlac is sold in Napane at WALLACE'S Drug Store, in Camden East by R. J. OSTER, in Wagarville by S. JACKSON.
(advt)

STUDENTS ON STRIKE.

Picturesque Incident of Hamar Greenwood's Youth.

It is curious that Sir Hamar Greenwood, the man who at 50 is required to allay rebellion and revolution, was at 25 the instigator and leader of rebellion and revolution. Yet such is the fact. That is how he sprang into fame in Toronto. The circumstance is the one around which the most vivid personal recollections of him hang. The event was the [illegible] students' strike of [illegible] University. The trouble started when the Undergraduate Political Science Club got into hot water with the authorities about two American guests. The undergraduate paper, "Varsity," took up the cudgels on behalf of the club with an article that was "offensive." The editor was deposed. A new editor, James Tucker, was elected. When he refused to apologize for "Varsity's" previous outburst he was expelled from the university. Here was a fine issue. Free speech, a free press, oppression of an individual, were involved. The students could think of no other way of expressing their feelings but by going on strike and refusing to attend any more lectures.

The first meeting of the strikers was held in a hall on Spadina avenue, which on occasion was used by a Sunday school. Several students spoke, some extremists, some for temporizing, but none giving a clear lead, and there were increasing cries for "Greenwood," although he had not been directly involved in the trouble, showing how thus early he was regarded by his associates. At length Greenwood took the platform. Pointing to a Sunday school motto framed on the wall he read for his opening message:

"Dare to be a Daniel,
Dare to stand alone,
Dare to have a message firm,
Dare to make it known."

From that moment Greenwood was the unchallenged leader, hero and director of the students' strike. Wherever he lead they were content to follow. The strike lasted until the Government appointed a royal commission of five judges to enquire into the students' grievances. The day when Greenwood appeared as a witness before that commission was one long to be remembered. It signalized in the minds of the students that the strike was a great victory. It mattered not that the award of the commission whitewashed the authorities and omitted to reinstate Tucker. Greenwood organized a subscription for him, collecting funds to send him to Leland-Stanford in California to secure the degree which his Alma Mater refused him.

It is of interest to note that prominent among the other strike leaders was William Lyon Mackenzie King.

Avoiding the Handshake.

One of the penalties of royalty is the handshake. It has become the modern equivalent in a democracy of the sword tap upon the shoulder which in early days marked kingly approval. Australians have been so harrowed by the stories of the Prince of Wales' anguish as he progressed through Canada that one of the first decisions of the committee appointed to organize the arrangements for the first stage in the prince's visit to Australia decided that a bow or some other form of gracious greeting should be substituted for the handshake wherever large numbers of people were present.

Screen Doors and windows, and wire netting in all sizes, at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

County Council

(Continued from last week.)

Thursday Morning.

A number of snow shovelling accounts for the various townships were presented, and ordered paid, and charged to the various Township appropriations.

A claim for $25.00 for fence burned on County road, from Ben Palmer, was referred to the Roads and Bridges Committee.

A number of accounts were referred to the Finance Committee.

A communication from the representative of the Agricultural Department, regarding school fairs, was referred to the Finance Committee to report.

The following accounts were ordered paid:—S. S. Corbett, re H. Hoskins, $15.00; T. S. Henry, $15.61; County Clerk, contingencies, $22.99; R. W. Milligan, wire fence bonus, $5.00; E. B. Miller, $10.00; E. J. Corkill, postage, $14.00; W. D. Midmer, County Property, $112.32; Meaford Mfg. Co., Roads and Bridges, $16.08; Isaac Harrison, repairs to bridge, $5.00.

An account, County of Hastings, $186.94, was referred to the Reeve of Richmond and County Road Superintendent to investigate and report at next session.

Council adjourned.

Friday Morning.

A letter from General Emsley, Kingston, informing the Council that the 14th Battalion Band will come to Napanee on July 1st. Referred to War Memorial Committee.

A letter from General Emsley, in reference to programme for unveiling ceremony and expenses of Battalion Band. Referred to War Memorial Committee.

The Napanee Board of Education put in a requisition for $6182.00, as County's share of expenditures, 1920, for Collegiate Institute. Referred to Finance Committee.

A requisition from the Newburgh High School, asking for a grant of $3540.80. Referred to the Finance Committee.

The I. O. D. E. applied for a grant of $500.00 toward the I. O. D. E. War Memorial Fund. Referred to the Finance Committee.

On motion the County Council requested information from the Napanee School Board as to the poor results shown by the pupils in the Napanee Collegiate Institute.

The Education and Printing Committee reported, recommending the usual grant of $3.00 per school to the rural school fairs. Report adopted.

A by-law appointing Mr. Geo. A. Thompson a member of the Board of Education.

Account from the Thompson Monument Co. for $10,000, for monument, as per agreement, was ordered paid.

Caretaker's account, contingencies, $12.75, was ordered paid.

Inspector of Prisons, account, re Mary Jane Anderson, $22.16, and J. C. Hughes, $35.12, was ordered paid.

Account, Harold Thompson, wire fence bonus, $4.75, was ordered paid.

Account, E. J. Pollard, $96.75, was ordered paid.

A deputation from Kingston, re grant to Kingston General Hospital, was heard, asking special assistance in building extensions to the buildings Last year the free or semi-free patients from this County in the Kingston General Hospital cost the hospital $3277.92, and the amount received from patients who paid part of their cost, township councils and county was $1330.75, leaving a balance paid by hospital $1947.20.

Council adjourned.

Friday Afternoon.

The Roads and Bridges Committee reported re damage claims as follows:—W. J. Galbraith, claim $5.00, paid $5.00; J. S. Sexsmith, claim $11.93, paid $9.93; W. J. Winters, claim 9.60, paid $7.10; Thos. Herrington, claim $18.50, referred back for account and declaration; John Carr, claim $3.25, referred back for account and declaration; Wm. Redner, claim $12.00, referred back for account and declaration. That no action be taken re Ben Palmer's claim re fence. Report adopted.

The Finance Committee reported, recommending account, T. B. Ruskin, $7.45, ordered paid; account, Dr. A. R. Williamson, $97.00, ordered paid. Respecting request of Newburgh High School, for $400.00, balance of grant, recommend payment. Recommended payment of requisitions of Newburgh High School and Napanee Collegiate Institute. Re I. O. D. E. request for grant, recommend grant of $200.00. Re request of Kingston General Hospital, for grant, recommend a grant of $3000.00 per year for five years. Report adopted.

On motion the County Fairs were ordered paid their grants, $1700.00.

Messrs. Allison's and Elliott's motion to grant townships having Provincial County Roads 20 per cent. of the money received from the Government on their share of expenditure on Provincial County roads, which was laid over from March session, was introduced and lost.

The Roads and Bridges Committee reported, recommending that the account of the Province for Provincial Highways expenditure, be dealt with at the December session. Report adopted.

The Management Committee of the Board of Education addressed the Council in reference to Collegiate matters.

A telegram was received from the Robt. Bell Engine Co., stating that an engine ordered by the County will be ready in ten days.

The estimates for the year were presented. The rate was fixed at 13 mills.

Saturday Morning.

A By-law was passed to borrow $25,000 for current expenses.

A By-law to assess for 1920 was passed through its various stages. The amount to be raised this year is $122,034.83.

High County Constable Sam Brien presented his quarterly report, which was read and filed.

Accounts for transportation and expenses, S. Brien, $21.60, was ordered paid.

A motion to make special grants on account of roads appropriation, was passed, appropriating as follows:—Amherst Island $450.00, Napanee $800.00, Village of Bath $450.00, Village of Newburgh $450.00, Kaladar, Anglesea and Effingham $375.00, Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby $375.00.

The Elliott-Loyst motion to add the Bay Shore road to the County System was carried, and lost on the yeas and nays.

Mr. A. R. Davis addressed the Council in reference to the old Methodist Church on Hay Bay, and the establishment of a home for aged Deaconesses and aged Missionaries.

The County indorsed Mr. Davis' idea.

The McDonald-Miller motion, asking for mileage of County Roads and proportion in each township was referred to Roads and Bridges Committee to report at November session.

On motion a new flag was purchased from the Robinson Co., for the Court House, at a cost of $39.10.

Report of Inspector Reid was laid on the table until November session.

A resolution of County of Victoria was filed.

Council adjourned to meet in special session on Wednesday, June 30th, at 6.30 p.m.

Butter !
H. W. KELLY gets in fresh Belleville Creamery Butter twice a week.

When we quote you a price on paint oil, white lead, and turpentine, it means for pale boiled oil, genuine elephant lead, and chemically pure turpentine. We invite careful inspection. WALLACE'S, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

"P. C."

A pastor tells of a young candidate for the ministry who called upon him. "Why do you want to preach?" asked the clergyman. "I feel called of God," was the answer. "What makes you think you are called?" "I felt it and my mother told me so. She said I was cut out to be either a minister or an undertaker." "In choosing the ministry you are making a great financial sacrifice," the doctor answered. He tells of another student who declared that he beheld in a vision the letters "P.C." and that these letters stood for "Preach Christ." This young man came from a farm in the Middle West, where harvest hands were sorely needed. "I think you have made a mistake," said the church official whose counsel he had sought. "Those letters undoubtedly stood for 'Plant Corn'."

English Banks.

There are no statistics to show which of the English banks has the most branches. Lloyds Bank advertises that it has over 1,400 "offices" in England and Wales, and Barclays Bank that it has over 1,400 "branches" in England and Wales. The London Joint City and Midland Bank claims to have over 1,450 "offices" in England and Wales. The figures that Whitaker's Almanack for 1920 gives regarding these institutions are as follows: Lloyds Bank, 700 branches, sub-branches and agencies; Barclays Bank, 897 branches, 540sub-branches; London Joint City and Midland Bank, 1,360 branches, sub-branches and agencies. The statistics in Whitaker's were probably secured at least two months before the advertisements appeared in the London Times Annual Financial Review, Jan. 23, 1920.

Eastern Canada Extends Hearty Welcome to Visiting Members of United States National Editorial Association.

Toronto, June 21st, 1920.—With the annual convention concluded in Boston this year, some 130 members of the National Editorial Association commenced at Yarmouth, N.S., a tour of Eastern Canada via the Canadian National-Grand Trunk Railways.

They have visited the Land of Evangeline, Halifax, the mines and steel works at the Sydneys, the Bras d'Or Lakes in Cape Breton, the industrial centres of New Glasgow and Stellarton, Truro, Amherst, Sackville, Prince Edward Island (the million-acre farm), historic Quebec, and Ste. Anne de Beaupré, the big power plants and industries at Grand Mere and Shawinigan, and are to-day in Montreal.

This week they will conclude their 1920 tour by visiting Ottawa, the Silver Camps at Cobalt and Gold Mines at Porcupine, the pulp and paper industries at Iroquois Falls, the Lake of Bays District in the Highlands of Ontario, Toronto, Niagara Falls, Hamilton, winding up the trip at Windsor. Altogether, some 3,690 miles will have been travelled in what has been termed "The Million Dollar Special," one of the finest all-steel car trains that has ever been assembled on this continent, consisting of six standard sleeping cars, two dining cars, tourist and baggage car. The new steel sleepers are of the very latest type and construction, with all modern devices that make for pleasure and comfort in travel. The dining cars are manned by a specially-selected staff, and the excellence of the cuisine has been frequently commented upon by the American newspaper writers. Every possible arrangement for the safety and comfort of the editors while en route is being carried out by an efficient staff of the Canadian National Railways which has been specially assigned to the various duties.

As one of the party has expressed it, "We are travelling in a palace, through a country of marvelous scenic beauty, a land of fertility blest with a wealth of resources which cannot help but impress us profoundly. We shall leave Canada with the happiest recollections of her progressive spirit and hospitable people."

The party, which represents some 34 States of the Union, have been officially welcomed by the Lieutenant-Governors of Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick and Quebec, and have been the guests of each of the cities visited; while numerous special social functions have been arranged for their entertainment. While in Toronto, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor will hold a reception at Government House.

When, at the suggestion of Mr. D. B. Hanna, the President of the Canadian National Railways, Mr. C. A. Hayes, vice-president, went to the Maritime Provinces last winter to arrange a programme of entertainment for the American Editorial Association during their proposed visit, he said: "I regard the visit of these editors as of very considerable importance to the country—important commercially and also politically—and I should like to feel that everything were done that could be done to give them a favorable impression of the country and of us. Last year the same party of people toured the Canadian Northwest, and the articles they afterwards contributed to their papers proved a great commercial advantage to the section of the country which they covered, and perhaps what is still more important, they expressed impressions of the Canadian character which were all to our advantage." That Mr. Hayes was sincerely convinced of what he said is demonstrated by the fact that he, in company with Mr. H. H. Melanson, Passenger Traffic Manager, made the "preparations" tour of the provinces himself.

Altogether, the tour has been of exceptional educational value, and should be one more step in fostering the spirit of amity between the two adjoining countries where peace has reigned for the last hundred years.

HANDSOME BUILDINGS.

A Few Facts That All Canadians Should Know.

Owing to the fact that the tower of the new Parliament Buildings has not yet been constructed, the temporary main entrance to the House of Commons is at the western end of the building. The walls are lined with tyndall limestone which was quarried in Manitoba and brought from there to Ottawa in huge blocks. The surface has been tooled or "crandalled," giving it a very effective appearance; the stone is gray with a slightly creamish tint, thus taking away from the coldness of a stone interior. Intricate patterns made of thousands of fossils are traced and in some cases a perfect section of a shell can be seen, presenting the curves of an Ionic capital or part of the vertebra of some prehistoric animal. Because the building was commenced during the war (1916) it was impossible to obtain the well-known Belgian black marble, but a satisfactory substitute was found in the Province of Quebec where, before the war, very little of this marble had been quarried. The marble stairway in the foreground leads up to the House of Commons lobby or rotunda. The supporting arches to the floor above form a cloister while the ceiling is pierced and opened to the daylight. Where the arches spring from the piers they are decorated with carved bosses which take the form of caricatures of statesmen of the past and present. There was at one time considerable unfavorable and rather uncalled for criticism of these "gargoyles." On the arch facing the main door to the Commons Chamber is a carved head of Sir Robert Borden and facing him is the "gargoyle" of Laurier. The doors opening into the various rooms from here are oak ornamented with linen fold panelling.

The Hudson's Bay Company.

The charter creating the Company of Adventurers of England Trading into Hudson's Bay was signed by King Charles II. on May 2, 1670. At the height of its power, the company ruled three-fourths of the North American continent. It surrendered its authority and territories to Canada in 1870. With 250 years of history and romance behind it, it has the distinction of being the oldest mercantile corporation in existence.

Making a Rifle.

Nine hundred and ninety-seven cutting tools alone are required in manufacturing a modern rifle. The twist drill is one of the busiest of these. To supply 1,000,000 rifles, **94,000,000** holes must be drilled.

Eliminate Food Waste.
Get a challenge refrigerator. Satisfaction guaranteed at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

Satisfying to the thirst, and a wholesome summer drink—the famous "Montserrat limejuice." For sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

The Way to the West
DAILY SERVICE
Lve. TORONTO (Union Station)
9.15 P.M.

WINNIPEG
BRANDON
REGINA
SASKATOON

The National Way

CALGARY
EDMONTON
VANCOUVER
VICTORIA

STANDARD TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAIN EQUIPMENT THROUGHOUT, INCLUDING NEW ALL-STEEL TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

Sun. Mon. Wed. Fri.—Canadian National all the way.
Tues. Thurs. Sat.—Via G.T., T. & N.O., Cochrane thence C. N. Rys.
Tickets and full information from nearest Canadian National Railways' Agent,
or General Passenger Department, Toronto.

Industrial Department Toronto and Winnipeg will furnish full particulars regarding land in Western Canada available for farming or other purposes.

Canadian National Railways

Carolyn of the Corners

By
RUTH BELMORE ENDICOTT

(Copyright, 1918, by Dodd, Mead & Company, Inc.)

Miss Minnie screamed. The man, with a rough threat, darted forward to seize her purse.

Just then Carolyn May unsnapped the leash from Prince's collar and let him go.

But He Was Soon Baying the Fellow Past the Blacksmith Shop and the Store.

"Save Miss Minnie, Princey!" she cried after the charging dog.

Prince did not trouble about the door. The open window, through which the tramp had spied upon the schoolmistress, was nearer. He went up the wall and scrambled over the sill with a savage determination that left no doubt whatever in the tramp's mind.

With a yell of terror the fellow bounded out of the door and tore along the road and through The Corners at a speed never before equaled in that locality by a knight of the road.

Prince lost a little time in recovering his footing and again getting on the trail of the fleeing tramp. But he was soon baying the fellow past the blacksmith shop and the store.

The incident called the entire population of The Corners, save the bedridden, to the windows and doors. For once the little, somnolent village awoke.

CHAPTER VII.

A Sunday Walk.

Really if Prince had been a vain dog his ego would certainly have become unduly developed because of this incident. The Corners, as a community, voted him an acquisition, whereas heretofore he had been looked upon as a good deal of a nuisance.

After she recovered from her fright Miss Minnie walked home with Carolyn May and allowed Prince's delighted little mistress to encourage the "hero" to "shake hands with teacher."

"Now, you see, he's acquainted with you, Miss Minnie," said Carolyn May. "He's an awful nice dog. You didn't know just how nice he was before."

Almost everybody went to church and all the children to Sunday school, which was held first.

The Rev. Afton Driggs, though serious-minded, was a loving man. He was fond of children and he and his childless wife gave much of their attention to the Sunday school. Mrs. Driggs taught Carolyn May's class of little girls. Mrs. Driggs did her very best, too, to get the children to stay to the preaching service, but Carolyn May had to confess that the pastor's discourses were usually hard to understand.

"And he is always reading about the 'Begats,'" she complained gently to Uncle Joe as they went home together on this particular Sunday, "and I can't keep interested when he does that. I s'pose the 'Begats' were very nice people, but I'm sure they weren't related to us—they've all got such funny names."

"Hum!" ejaculated Uncle Joe, smothering a desire to laugh. "Flow gently, sweet Afton, does select his passages of Scripture mostly from the 'valleys of dry bones,' I allow. You've got it about right there, Carolyn May."

"Uncle Joe," said the little girl, taking her courage in both hands, "will you do something for me?" Then, as he stared down at her from under his bushy brows, she added: "I don't mean that you aren't always doing something for me—letting me sleep here at your house and eat with you and all that. But something special."

"What is the 'something special?'" asked Mr. Stagg cautiously.

"Something I want you to do today. You always go off to your store after dinner and when you come home it's too dark."

"Too dark for what?"

"For us to take a walk," said the little girl very earnestly. "Oh, Uncle Joe, you don't know how dreadful I miss taking Sunday walks with my papa! Of course we took 'em in the morning, for he had to go to work on the paper in the afternoon, but we did just about go everywhere. If you would go with me," the little girl added wistfully, "just this afternoon, seems to me I wouldn't feel so—so empty."

"Humph!" said Uncle Joe, clearing his throat. "If it's going to do you any particular good, Car'lyn May, I suppose I can take a walk with you."

It was a crisp day—one of these autumn days when the tang of frost remains in the air, in spite of all the efforts of the sun to warm it.

Here and there they stopped to pick up the glossy brown chestnuts that had burst from their burrs. That is, Carolyn May and her uncle did. Prince, after a single attempt to nose one of the prickly burrs, left them strictly alone.

"You might just as well try to eat Aunty Rose's strawberry needle cushion, Princey," the little girl said wisely. "You'll have a sorer nose than Amos Bartlett had when he tried to file it down with a wood rasp."

"Hum!" ejaculated Mr. Stagg. "whatever possessed that Bartlett child to do such a fool trick?"

"Why, you know his nose is awfully big," said Carolyn May. "And his mother is always worried about it. She must have worried Amos, too, for one day last week he went over to Mr. Parlow's shop, borrowed a wood rasp and tried to file his nose down to a proper size. And now he has to go with his nose all greased and shiny till the new skin grows back on it."

"Bless me, what these kids will do!" muttered Mr. Stagg.

It was just at that moment that the little girl and the man, becoming really good comrades on this walk, met with an adventure. At least to Carolyn May it was a real adventure and one she was not to forget for a long, long time.

Prince suddenly bounded away, barking, down a pleasant glade, through the bottom of which flowed a brook. Carolyn May caught a glimpse of something brown moving down there and she called shrilly to the dog to come back.

"But that's somebody, Uncle Joe," Carolyn May said with assurance, as the dog slowly returned. "Prince never barks like that unless it's a person. And I saw something move."

"Somebody taking a walk, like us. Couldn't be a deer," said Mr. Stagg.

"Oh," cried Carolyn May later, "I see it again. That's a skirt I see. Why, it's a lady!"

Mr. Stagg suddenly grew very stern-looking, as well as silent. All the beauty of the day and of the glade they had entered seemed lost on him. He went on stubbornly, yet as though loath to proceed.

"Why," murmured Carolyn May, "it's Miss Amanda Parlow! That's who it is!"

The carpenter's daughter was sitting on a bare brown log by the brook. She was dressed very prettily, all in brown.

Carolyn May wanted awfully to speak to Miss Amanda. The brown lady with the pretty roses in her cheeks sat on a log by the brook, her face turned from the path Joseph Stagg and his little niece were coming along.

And Uncle Joe was quite stubborn. He stared straight ahead down the path without letting the figure on the log get into the focus of his vision.

Hanging to Uncle Joe's hand but looking longingly at the silent figure on the log, Carolyn May was going down to the stepping stones by which they were to cross the brook, when suddenly Prince came to a halt right at the upper end of the log and his body stiffened.

"What is it, Prince?" whispered his little mistress. "Come here."

But the dog did not move. He even growled—not at Miss Amanda, of course, but at something on the log. And it was just then that Carolyn May wanted to scream—and she could not!

For there on the log, raising its flat, wicked head out of an aperture, was a snake, a horrid, silent, writhing creature, the look of which held the little girl horror-stricken and speechless.

Uncle Joe glanced down impatiently, to see what made her hold back so. The child's feet seemed glued to the earth. She could not take another step.

Writhing out of the hole in the log and coiling, as it did so, into an attitude to strike, the snake looked to be dangerous indeed. The fact that it was only a large blacksnake and nonpoisonous made no difference at that moment to the dog or to the little girl—nor to Joseph Stagg when he saw it.

It was coiled right at Miss Amanda's back. She did not see it, for she was quite as intent upon keeping her face turned from Mr. Stagg as he had been determined to ignore her presence.

Carolyn May was shaking and helpless. Not so Prince. He repeated his challenging growl and then sprang at the vibrating head. Miss Amanda uttered a stifled scream and jumped up from the log, whirling to see what was happening behind her.

Joseph Stagg dropped Carolyn May's hand and leaped forward with his walking stick raised to strike. But the mongrel dog was there first. He wisely caught the blacksnake behind the head, his strong, sharp teeth severing its vertebrae.

Leaped Forward With His Walking Stick to Strike.

"Good dog!" shouted Mr. Stagg excitedly. "Fine dog!"

"Oh, Miss Amanda!" shrieked Carolyn May. "I—I thought he was going to sting you—I did!"

She ran to the startled woman and clung to her hand. Prince nosed the dead snake. Mr. Stagg looked exceedingly foolish. Miss Amanda recovered her color and her voice simultaneously.

"What a brave dog yours is, little girl," she said to Carolyn May. "And I do so despise snakes!" Then she looked directly at Mr. Stagg and bowed gravely. "I thank you," she said, but so coldly, so Carolyn May thought, that her voice might have come "just off an iceberg."

"Oh, I didn't do anything—really I didn't," stammered the man. "It was the dog."

Both looked very uncomfortable. Joseph Stagg began to pick up the scattered chestnuts from the overturned basket. The lady stooped and whispered to Carolyn May:

"Come to see me, my dear. I want to know you better."

Then she kissed Carolyn May and slipped quietly away from the brook, disappearing quickly in the undergrowth.

Joseph Stagg and the little girl went on across the stepping stones, while Prince splashed through the water. Carolyn May was thinking about Miss Amanda Parlow and she believed her Uncle Joe was, too.

"Uncle Joe," she said, "would that bad old snake have stung Miss Amanda?"

"Huh? No; I reckon not," admitted Mr. Stagg absent-mindedly. "Blacksnakes don't bite. A big one like that can squeeze some."

"But you were scared of it—like me and Prince. And for Miss Amanda," said Carolyn May very much in earnest.

"I guess 'most everybody is scared by the sight of a snake, Car'lyn May."

"But you were scared for Miss Amanda's sake—just the same as I was," repeated the little girl decidedly.

"Well?" he growled, looking away, troubled by her insistence.

"Then you don't hate her, do you?" the child pursued. "I'm glad of that, Uncle Joe, for I like her very much. I think she's a beautiful lady."

To this Uncle Joe said nothing.

"I guess," thought Carolyn May wisely, "that when two folks love each other and get angry the love's there just the same. Getting mad doesn't kill it; it only makes 'em feel worse.

"Poor Uncle Joe! Poor Miss Amanda! Maybe if they'd just try to look up and look for brighter things they'd get over being mad and be happy again."

When Uncle Joe and Carolyn May returned from this adventurous walk Mr. Stagg went heavily into his own room, closed the door and even locked it. He went over to the old-fashioned walnut bureau that stood against the wall between the two windows and stood before it for some moments in an attitude of deep reflection. Finally, he drew his bunch of keys from his pocket and opened one of the two small drawers in the heavy piece of furniture—the only locked drawer there was. He drew forth a tintype picture, faded now, but clear enough to show him the features of the two individuals printed on the sensitized plate.

His own eyes looked out of the photograph proudly. They were much younger eyes than they were now.

And the girl beside him in the picture! Sweet as a wild rose, Mandy Parlow's lovely, calm countenance promised all the beauty and dignity her matured womanhood had achieved.

"Mandy! Mandy!" he murmured over and over again. "Oh, Mandy! Why? Why?"

He held the tintype for a long, long time in his hand, gazing on it with eyes that saw the vanished years rather than the portraits themselves. Finally he hid the picture away again, closed and locked the drawer with a sigh and with slow steps left the room.

CHAPTER VIII.

Chet Gormley Tells Some News.

It was when she came in sight of the Parlow place on Monday afternoon, she and Prince, that Carolyn May bethought her of the very best person in the world with whom to advise upon the momentous question which so troubled her.

Who could be more interested in the happiness of Miss Amanda than Mr. Parlow himself?

The little girl had been going to call on Miss Amanda. Aunty Rose had said she might and Miss Amanda had invited her "specially."

But the thought of taking the old carpenter into her confidence and advising with him delayed that visit. Mr. Parlow was busy on some piece of cabinet work, but he nodded briskly to the little girl when she came to the door of the shop and looked in.

"Are you very busy, Mr. Parlow?" she asked him after a watchful minute or two.

"My hands be, Car'lyn May," said the carpenter in his dry voice.

"Oh!"

"But I kin listen to ye—and I kin talk."

"Oh, that's nice! Did you hear about what happened yesterday?"

"Eh?" he queried, eying her quizzically. "Does anything ever happen on Sunday?"

"Something did on this Sunday," cried the little girl. "Didn't you hear about the snake?"

"What d'ye mean—snake?"

And then little Carolyn May explained. She told the story with such earnestness that he stopped working to listen.

"Humph!" was his grunted comment at the end. "Well!"

"Don't you think that was real exciting?" asked Carolyn May. "And just see how it almost brought my Uncle Joe and your Miss Amanda together. Don't you see?"

Mr. Parlow actually jumped. "What's that you say, child?" he rasped out grimly. "Bring Mandy and Joe Stagg together? Well, I guess not!"

"Oh, Mr. Parlow, don't you think that would be just be-a-you-ti-ful?" cried the little girl with a lingering emphasis upon the most important word. "Don't you see how happy they would be?"

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"I don't know as anybody's per-tic'lar anxious to see that daughter of mine and Joe Stagg friendly again. No good would come of it."

Carolyn May looked at him sorrowfully. Mr. Parlow had quite disappointed her. It was plain to be seen that he was not the right one to advise with about the matter. The little girl sighed.

"I really did s'pose you'd want to see Miss Amanda happy, Mr. Parlow," she whispered.

"Happy? Bah!" snarled the old man, setting vigorously to work again. He acted as if he wished to say no more and let the little girl depart without another word.

Carolyn May really could not understand it—at least she could not immediately.

That Mr. Parlow might have a selfish reason for desiring to keep his daughter and Joseph Stagg apart did not enter the little girl's mind.

After that Sunday walk, however, Carolyn May was never so much afraid of her uncle as before. Why, he had even called Prince "good dog!" Truly Mr. Joseph Stagg was being transformed—if slowly.

He could not deny to himself that, to a certain extent, he was enjoying the presence of his little niece at The Corners. If he only could decide just what to do with the personal property of his sister Hannah and her husband down in the New York apartment. Never in his life had he been so long deciding a question.

He had really loved Hannah. He knew it now, did Joseph Stagg, every time he looked at the lovely little child who had come to live with him at The Corners. Why! just so had Hannah looked when she was a little thing. The same deep, violet eyes and sunny hair and laughing lips—

Mr. Stagg sometimes actually found a reflection of the cheerful figure of "Hannah's Car'lyn" coming between him and the ledger over which he spent so many of his waking hours.

Once he looked up from the ledger—it was on a Saturday morning—and really did see the bright figure of the little girl standing before him. It was no dream or fancy, for old Jimmy, the cat, suddenly shot to the topmost shelf, squalling with wild abandon. Prince was nosing along at Carolyn May's side.

"Bless me!" croaked Mr. Stagg. "That dog of yours, Car'lyn May, will give Jimmy a conniption fit yet. What d'you want down here?"

Carolyn May told him. A man had come to the house to buy a cow and Aunty Rose had sent the little girl down to tell Mr. Stagg to come home and "drive his own bargain."

"Well, well," said Mr. Stagg, locking the ledger in the safe, "I'll hustle right out and tend to it. Don't see why the man couldn't have waited till noontime. Hey, you, Chet! Look out for the store. Don't have any fooling. And—"

"Oh, uncle! may I stay, too? Me and Prince?" cried Carolyn May. "We'll be good."

"Pshaw! Yes, if you want to," responded Mr. Stagg, hurrying away.

"My! your uncle's changin' more and more, ain't he?" remarked Chet, the optimistic. "He does sometimes almost laugh, Car'lyn. I never see the beat of it!"

"Oh, is he?" cried the little child. "Is he looking up more? Do you think he is, Chet?"

"I positively do," Chet assured her.

"And he hasn't always got his nose in that old ledger?"

"Well—I wouldn't say that he neglected business, no, ma'am," said the boy honestly. "You see, we men have got to think of business mostly. But he sure is thinkin' of some other things too—ya-as, indeedy!"

"What things, Chet?" Carolyn May asked anxiously, hoping that Uncle Joe had shown some recovered interest in Miss Amanda and that Chet had noticed it.

"Why—well— Now, you see, there's that house you used to live in. You know about that?"

"What about it, Chet?" the little girl asked rather timidly.

"Well, Mr. Stagg ain't never done nothin' about it. He ain't sold it, nor sold the furniture, nor nothin'. You know, Car'lyn May, your folks didn't leave you no money."

"Oh! Didn't they?" cried Carolyn May, greatly startled.

"No. You see, I heard all about it. Mr. Vickers, the lawyer, came in here one day and your uncle read a letter to him out loud. I couldn't help but hear. The letter was from another lawyer and 'twas all about you and your concerns. I heard it all," said the quite innocent Chet.

"And Mr. Vickers says: 'So the child hasn't anything of her own, Joe?'" Chet went on. "And your uncle says: 'Not a dollar, 'cept what I might sell that furniture for.' And he hasn't sold it yet, I know. He just can't make up his mind to sell them things that was your mother's, Car'lyn May," added the boy, with a deeper insight into Mr. Stagg's character than one might have given him credit for possessing.

But Carolyn May had heard some news that made her suddenly quiet and she was glad a customer came into store just then to draw Chet Gormley's attention.

The child had never thought before about how the good things of life came to her—her food, clothes and lodging. But now Chet Gormley's chattering had given her a new view of the facts of the case. There had been no money left to spend for her needs. Uncle Joe was just keeping her out of charity!

"And Prince, too," thought the little girl, with a lump in her throat. "He hasn't got any more home than a rabbit! And Uncle Joe don't really like dogs—not even now.

"Oh, dear me!" pursued Carolyn May. "It's awful hard to be an orphan. But to be a poor orphan—just a charity one—is a whole lot worse, I guess. I wonder if I ought to stay with Uncle Joe and Aunty Rose and make them so much trouble?"

The thought bit deep into the little girl's very impressionable mind. She wished to be alone and to think over this really tragic thing that faced her—the ugly fact that she was a "charity child."

"And you're a charity dog, Prince Cameron," she said aloud, looking down at the mongrel who walked sedately beside her along the country road.

The little girl had loitered along the road until it was now dinner time. Indeed, Aunty Rose would have had the meal on the table twenty minutes earlier. Mr. Stagg had evidently remained at The Corners to sell the cow and eat dinner too—thus "killing two birds with one stone."

And here Carolyn May and Prince were at Mr. Parlow's carpenter shop, just as the old man was taking off his apron preparatory to going in to his dinner. When Miss Amanda was away nursing, the carpenter ate at a neighbor's table.

Now Miss Amanda appeared on the side porch.

"Where are you going, little girl?" she asked, smiling.

"Home to Aunty Rose," said Carolyn May bravely. "But I guess I'm late for dinner."

"Don't you want to come in and eat with us, Carolyn May? Your own dinner will be cold."

"Oh, may I?" cried the little girl. Somehow she did not feel that she could face Uncle Joe just now with this new thought that Chet Gormley's words had put into her heart. Then she hesitated, with her hand on the gate latch.

"Will there be some scraps for Prince?" she asked. "Or bones?"

"I believe I can find something for Prince," Miss Amanda replied. "I owe him more than one good dinner, I guess, for killing that snake. Come in and we will see."

Carolyn May thought that Miss Amanda, in her house dress and ruffled apron, with sleeves turned back above her dimpled, brown elbows, was prettier than ever. Her cheerful observations quite enlivened Carolyn May again.

"I think you are lovely, Miss Amanda," she said as she helped wipe the dishes after the carpenter had gone back to the shop. "I shall always love you. I guess that anybody who ever did love you would keep right on doing so till they died! They just couldn't help it!"

"I Think You Are Lovely, Miss Amanda."

"Indeed?" said the woman, laughing. "And how about you, Chicken Little? Aren't you universally beloved too?"

"Oh, I don't expect so, Miss Amanda," said the child. "I wish I was."

"Why aren't you?"

"I—I— Well, I guess it's just because I'm not," Carolyn May said desperately. "You see, after all, Miss Amanda, I'm only a charity child."

"Oh, my child!" exclaimed Miss Amanda. "Who told you that?"

"I—I just heard about it," confessed the little visitor.

"Not from Aunty Rose Kennedy?"

"Oh, no, ma'am."

"Did that— Did your uncle tell you such a thing?"

"Oh, no! He's just as good as he can be. But of course he doesn't like children. You know he doesn't. And he just 'bominates dogs!

"So, you see," added the child, "I am charity. I'm not like other girls that's got papas and mammas. 'Course I knowed that before, but it didn't seem—seem so hard as it does now," she confessed with a sob.

"My dear! my dear!" cried Miss Amanda, dropping on her knees beside the little girl, "don't talk so! I know your uncle must love you."

"Oh, Miss Mandy!" gasped Carolyn May, "don't you s'pose he loves other folks, too? You know—folks he'd begun to love ever so long ago?"

The woman's smooth cheeks burned suddenly and she stood up.

"I'm 'most sure he'd never stop loving a person if he'd once begun to love 'em," said Carolyn May, with a high opinion of the faithfulness of Uncle Joe's character."

"Do you want to know if your Uncle Joe loves you?" she asked Carolyn May at last. "Do you?"

"Oh, I do!" cried the little girl.

"Then ask him," advised Miss Amanda. "That's the only way to do with Joe Stagg, if you want to get at the truth. Out with it, square, and ask him."

"I will do it," Carolyn May said seriously.

After the child had gone the woman went back into the little cottage and her countenance did not wear the farewell smile that Carolyn May had looked back to see.

Gripping at her heart was the old pain she had suffered years before and the conflict that had seared her mind so long ago was roused again.

"Oh, Joe! Oh, Joe! How could you?" she moaned, rocking herself to and fro. "How could you?"

That very night the first snow flurry of the season drove against the west window panes of the big kitchen at the Stagg homestead. It was at supper time.

"I declare for't," said Mr. Stagg. "I guess winter's onto us, Aunty Rose."

This snow did not amount to much; it was little more than a hoar frost, as Mr. Stagg said. This might be, however, the last chance for a Sunday walk in the woods for some time and Carolyn May did not propose to miss it.

On this day she earnestly desired to get him off by himself, for her heart was filled with a great purpose. She felt that they must come to an understanding.

On this particular occasion Uncle Joe sat down upon the log by the brook where Miss Amanda had once sat. Carolyn May stood before him.

"Am I just a charity orphan? Didn't my papa leave any money a-tall for me? Did you take me just out of charity?"

"Bless me!" gasped the hardware dealer.

"I—I wish you'd answer me, Uncle Joe," went on Carolyn May with a brave effort to keep from crying.

Joseph Stagg was too blunt a person to see his way to dodging the question.

"Hum! Well, I'll tell you, Car'lyn May. There isn't much left, and that's a fact. It isn't your father's fault. He thought there was plenty. But a business he invested in got into bad hands and the little nest egg he'd laid up for his family was lost."

"Then—then I am just charity. And so's Prince," whispered Carolyn May. "I—I s'pose we could go to the poorhouse, Prince and me; but they mayn't like dogs there. You're real nice to me, Uncle Joe; but Prince and me—we really are a nuisance to you."

The man stared at her for a moment in silence, but the flush that dyed his cheeks was a flush of shame.

"Don't you like it any more here with Aunty Rose and—and me?" he demanded.

"Oh, yes! Only—only, Uncle Joe, I don't want to stay, if we're a nuisance, Prince and me. I don't want to stay, if you don't love me."

Joseph Stagg had become quite excited.

"Bless me!" he finally cried once more. "How do you know I don't love you, Carolyn May?"

(To be Continued)

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CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

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POINTERS ABOUT MILK

Information Relating to Cheese Factory and Town Supply.

The Percentage Composition of Milk —Handling Milk for the City Trade — Hot Weather Poultry Counsel.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE term percentage means so much in 100—that is, in one hundred pounds, gallons, etc. The composition of milk is usually stated as so much of each part in one hundred parts or pounds. This varies considerably according to breed of cattle; lactation period, or length of time milking; whether first or last of the milking, and upon many other conditions. Usually, however, in Ontario, the milk will have about the following composition:

Water	87.5
Fat	3.5
Casein and albumen	3.2
Sugar	5.0
Ash	0.8
Total	100

The buttermaker takes one part only from the milk, the fat. The cheesemaker takes out chiefly two parts or constituents, casein and fat. The condensery and powder milk manufacturers make use of all the solids in milk for human food, hence are able to pay higher prices for milk than can manufacturers of butter and cheese. Because milk contains on the average only about three-and-one-half pounds of fat, which when made into butter has mixed with it from 16 to 20 per cent. of water and salt, thus making only about four pounds of butter out of 100 pounds of milk, we see why butter must of necessity be a high price per pound. The cheesemaker is able to make 8½ to 10 pounds cheese per 100 pounds milk, consequently is able to sell his product at about one-half the price per pound which butter sells for, and yet pay as high, or higher prices per 100 pounds milk than can the butter manufacturer. The condensed and powder milk manufacturers are able to sell their products at a still lower price per pound, because they are able to recover from twelve to twelve-and-one-half pounds of solid food material from 100 pounds milk.

From the foregoing we see that the commercial value of milk has a very close relation to its composition, and the use that is made of the various parts of the milk solids.—H. H. Dean, O. A. College, Guelph.

Milk For the City Trade.

"Safety First" is a good slogan in the milk business. To make milk safe it must be drawn from healthy cows —preferably those which have passed the tuberculin test; the stable, pasture and all surroundings must be clean; the utensils which come in contact with the milk must be clean; the persons handling the milk should be a living advertisement of exemplified cleanliness; the delivery wagons, cans, measures, etc., should be clean. In order that assurance of safety may be doubly sure, it is advisable to pasteurize the milk—that is, heat it to 140 degrees to 150 degrees F., hold at this temperature for twenty to thirty minutes, then cool to 50 degrees F. or below and hold at this temperature until delivered to the consumer. Pasteurized milk is the safest kind of milk for humans to drink.

The person buying milk has certain duties in order to ensure a safe product, especially for children. Among these may be mentioned, placing the milk at once on delivery in a refrigerator or cool cellar protected from dust and odors, and by keeping it in a tightly closed vessel—preferably in the milk bottle covered with an inverted glass tumbler, or special cover; the top of the milk-cup should be wiped to remove dust before taking it from the milk bottle; no more milk should be taken from the supply bottle than is required for a meal; any "left-over" milk, should not be put into the supply vessel after the meal, as this will likely spoil the whole of the milk on hand; milk taken to a sick room should not be used for any other purpose, except it be boiled, and then only for cooking; milk bottle should be washed as soon as empty, and be promptly returned to the milkman. In no case should milk bottles be used for any other purpose in the house than for holding milk.

Milk is a perfect food for children, and also for "grown-ups," along with other substantial material. It is cheap food at ten to twelve cents a quart compared with the price of other foods. Insist on good, clean milk and be willing to pay a reasonable price for such milk. Milk producers and milk consumers should co-operate.—Prof. H. H. Dean, O. A. College, Guelph.

SOIL REQUIRES LIME

OTHERWISE IT WILL PROVE NEXT TO USELESS.

Calcium Furnished by Lime Is Essential to the Growth of Plants— It Also Corrects Acidity and Improves Mechanical Conditions of Sands and Clays.

Repeated failure of the clover crop is a fairly dependable indication of the need of lime in agricultural land, and a further indication is the presence of certain weeds that thrive in the absence, or shortage, of lime in the soil; the most common of these being sorrel. A strong and widespread growth of sorrel in fields that have failed to give a catch of clover seed is generally taken as an indication that the soil is sour.

Among the crops chiefly benefited by the presence of a good supply of lime in the soil are: alfalfa sweet clover, alsike, beans and vetch, of the legumes, and of the non legumes—corn, oats, wheat, barley, rye, buckwheat, timothy, beets, carrots, turnip, potatoes, melons, cucumbers, cabbage, and tobacco. It has been found by experiment that when soils primarily low in lime content receive an application of agricultural lime in suitable form, they respond by giving an increased growth in such vegeables as cauliflower, celery, lettuce, onion, parsnip, peppers and spinach. Also, many plants grown for the sake of their blossoms respond satisfactorily to an application of lime to the soil.

To determine by analysis just what amount of lime is required to correct acidity in the soil of a field and so restore it to a condition suited to the production of desired crops is not possible, but there are several methods of determining whether or not a soil is in need of lime, the simplest of which is the litmus paper test. To make this test a sample of the soil is moistened with rainwater and made into a ball. This is broken open, a strip of blue litmus paper inserted, and the soil pressed firmly together around the paper. In five minutes the soil is removed, and if the litus paper has changed to pink in color, acidity is indicated and the need of lime in the soil is shown.

Lime is obtainable in any of three forms, namely the oxide, the hydrate and carbonate. The oxide is known as quick lime, burnt lime, stone lime, unslaked lime and building lime. The hydrated lime is also known as slaked lime. The carbonate is the form of lime found in the ground limestone and marl, and also occurs in air slaked lime.

With regard to the comparative value of these different forms from an agricultural viewpoint, Frank T. Shutt, Dominion Chemist says:

"In acid-correcting power and in furnishing available lime, and considering the various forms on a basis of equal purity, 56 pounds of quicklime is the equivalent of 74 pounds of freshly slaked lime and of 100 pounds of carbonate of lime whether it be as marl or ground limestone. Air-slaked lime is partly hydroxide and partly carbonate, the proportions being dependent upon the length of time it has been exposed to the air; its value will, therefore, be intermediate between that of freshly slaked lime and the carbonate, that is, 56 pounds quicklime will be equal to a weight of air-slaked lime between 74 and 100 pounds."

Ground limestone and marl are the safer and more desirable forms of lime for applying to light, sandy and gravelly loams; for heavy clays, lime or slaked lime is to be preferred and on soils rich in organic matter, mucks and peaty loams, the more caustic forms—quicklime and slaked lime—may be used in quantities up to four tons per acre.

Lime, besides correcting the acid which naturally forms in soils, especially those rich in decaying organic matter, has the power of improving the mechanical condition of both sand and clay soils. In the case of sands, lime renders them more compact and improves their water-holding power. In clays, the tenacity of which is largely due to the fineness of the particles, the lime causes the fine particles to stick to one another, and these aggregations make the soil act like one composed of larger particles. Lime materials are also necessary for the useful bacteria and other organisms with the element calcium, which appears to be just as essential a food constituent for them as it is for the higher plants.

Top-Dressing Hay Fields.

"It has been the custom to apply yard manure to land for corn and to use commercial fertilizers for wheat, but the value of the fertiliers, particularly commercial fertilizers, in increasing the growth of grass and thereby building up the fertility of the soil has not been generally understood," says Prof. F. Hunt, of the Pennsylvania Experiment Station.

"It is true," he remarks, "that some farmers do top-dress their meadows with yard manure, and this is a good practice, but very few have applied commercial fertilizers to their grass lands. After some years of investigation of this subject I believe it safe to assert that the same money used in applying commercial fertilizers to grass lands will bring a greater profit than when applied to corn or wheat. Of more importance, however, is the fact that the land is made more productive for succeeding crops."

Milch Cows More Popular.

According to a summary of reports of farm conditions in Ontario made by agricultural representatives to the Department of Agriculture, the high cost of feeding live stock is affecting breeders. Brant states that at a recent sale of pure-bred Shorthorns, good cows with plain pedigrees sold very cheaply, some really good ones going as low as $120 and $140. Bulls and very young stock scarcely brought beef prices.

On the other hand, report shows that good milch cows are still highly regarded. Both Welland and Huron report sales of dairy cows at prices ranging from $125 to $200. The milk flow has largely increased with so many herds freshening.

Don't Waste Fuel In Dairy.

Many factory operations of the dairy industry require the use of heat, although they demand little power. As exhaust steam contains about 90 per cent. of its original heat, it can be advantageously used in pasteuring milk and cream and in sterilizing dairy equipment in the average commercial plant, according to specialists. They advise that all dairy factory men utilize this waste steam, when fuel is scarce and high in price.

In Maidenhood, Womanhood and Motherhood

London, Ont.:—"For many years Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been my most favorite medicine. I have taken it for the ailments pertaining to womanhood and before and after motherhood, and it always proved excellent. I have also recommended 'Favorite Prescription' to many friends who have taken it with good results. It is the best medicine I know of today for women or girls who are weak and suffering."—MRS. WM. STEEL, 179 Richmond St.

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WOOL DUE TO RALLY.

Growers Advised to Store the Clip Co-operatively

Speculation is rife these days as to the future of wool prices, everything pointing to lower values on all grades both East and West. It could hardly be expected that the high prices obtained during the past three or four years would continue indefinitely, and the general opinion in the wool trade is that the break is at hand. Dealers are moving cautiously and in many cases buyers are being called in or advised to buy sparingly or at prices low enough to play safe. In short, the trade as a whole is very dull and listless, there is absolutely nothing doing as compared with the activity shown other years at this season and those in closest touch with the situation are at a loss to know which way the wind bloweth.

Various reasons are advanced for this state of affairs, chief among which is the stock of last year's clip still on hand and the apparent impossibility of realizing on it for the moment. Another very potent factor is noted in the fact that all over the country, Canada, the United States and Great Britain alike, there is a stringency and tightening of money. Loans are hard to get and then only at the very highest rates of interest. Conditions being so uncertain, men are loath to take a chance on future changes. This is, of course, simply one of the financial stringencies occurring from time to time and it will straighten out in the very near future as it has done in the past. Wool is undoubtedly needed and all grades will be in strong demand in the course of a few months.

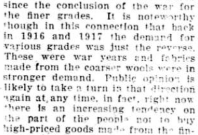
In view of this financial condition this is, of all seasons, the time that the growers should consign his wool through his local Sheep Breeders' Association so that it can be held until such time as the market takes on a healthier tone. Consignment in this way simply means that the wool is graded by expert graders supplied by the Live Stock Branch, Ottawa, and is eventually sold co-operatively through the grower's selling agency, namely, the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers, Limited.

This naturally brings up the question of comparing wool sold on a "graded" basis with that sold on a flat basis. When it is properly graded and sold by grade, each grower realizes full value, not only on his flock but on his effort to work improvement and establish proper business methods in connection with his sheep enterprise. The marketing of all produce from the farm is rapidly reaching that place where it will be graded and sold accordingly, and the man who pays attention to "grade" will undoubtedly reap the benefit.

The coarse wool man may argue that for the past two years he could realize more on his wool sold on the flat basis. This is perhaps true, owing to the demand that has existed since the conclusion of the war for the finer grades. It is noteworthy though in this connection that back in 1916 and 1917 the demand for various grades was just the reverse. These were war years and fabrics made from the coarser wools were in stronger demand. Public opinion is likely to take a turn in that direction again at any time, in fact, right now there is an increasing tendency on the part of the people not to buy high-priced goods made from the finer wools. In other words there is little room for a "grouch." In order to realize the full value of co-operation one must first recognize the underlying principle, that of sticking together and making trade lively by keeping up the competition. After all, it is not the result obtained by a co-operative enterprise during one year's business, but the sum total of results spread over a series of years that counts for most.

Profit In Pure-bred Bulls.

A comparison based on the survey records of 673 Illinois farms conveys its own lesson as to the value of pure-bred bulls, according to the Department of Agriculture. A total of 124 of these farms use pure-bred bulls. Their average yearly profit is $1,102 per farm; 466 farms use grade bulls and have a yearly profit of $734 per farm; while 83 farms use scrub bulls and are operated at a yearly loss of $234 per farm.



A Fine Type of Pure-bred Bull.

PRUNING PEARS.

Tools Used In Operation Should Be Sterilized.

Pears grow upright and the trunk is apt to be injured by sun-scald. For this reason growers wish to start the branching of pear trees lower than apple trees and they wish to keep the head of the tree open to try and induce a tendency to spread out and develop a larger fruiting area.

When pruning the pear remove the sprouts and spurs which are apt to grow thickly on the main limbs near the trunk. If these growths are infected with blight it means that the disease can soon reach the main trunk and ruin the tree, while if upper twigs are blighted the disease can often be stopped by pruning out and burning the infected wood.

During the first five years pears are usually pruned heavily to stimulate the growth of wood, but after that the annual pruning is reduced so that the wood developed will have a chance to harden and be in less danger from the blight. If mature trees are pruned heavily it will start the growth of an abundance of new wood and this increases the danger of fire-blight.

Like all other fruits, it costs money to harvest pears and the trees that are allowed to grow straight upright with no effort at training are apt to bear much of their fruit high in the air where it is difficult to pick. Most growers do their pear pruning in the spring by thinning out the top. Some do summer pruning in August and this late summer pruning stops the growth of new wood until the tree recovers from the shock and by that time the climatic conditions are detrimental to tree growth. Summer pruning of pears must be done late enough so that the trees will have no chance to make a second growth of wood that year. If this is done, it may result in winter injury to the sort produced late in the season.

The fire-blight can usually be controlled by examining the trees during the winter and cutting out infected branches about one foot below the signs of the disease. Corrosive sublimate can be used to sterilize the tools after each cutting so the disease will not be carried from one tree to another. During the summer the disease is, of course, the most active and if pruning is done then, the greatest of precautions are necessary.

Reforestation.

E. H. Finlayson, Inspector of Forestry for the Province of Alberta, in an address before the Western Canada Irrigation Association Convention, held at Calgary last year, said one of the effects of forest growth is to lower the temperature both in the air above the trees and in the earth below them. A forest also increases the humidity in the air above it.

Forests increase the abundance and frequence of precipitation over the area which they occupy. This condition is almost undoubtedly due to the fact that the temperature in the forest is lower and the relative humidity is greater. If you have a moisture-laden current approaching a forested region, in approaching or crossing that region, it is crossing temperature, and has moisture conditions below it which have a chilling effect on the moisture-laden currents. It is claimed, therefore, that the effect of the forest is not to increase the absolute amount of precipitation over a large area of the country, but it has the effect of rendering the local precipitation more frequent.

Another effect of forest growth is in the control of the flow of streams. It breaks the violence of a rain storm and so prevents rainfall from running off in a rush. It retards the melting of snow and ice in spring, and so causes the precipitation of winter to pass off more gradually than in a region devoid of trees. The decaying vegetable matter at the base of the trees, acting like a great sponge, tends in the same direction. In these ways, too, the underground seepage, by which springs are fed, is increased, and, of course, it is very largely upon these springs and the class of water in the soil in different places, particularly beneath the surface, that we are dependent for our stream flow.

If every creek bank in Ontario were covered with trees the beneficial effect on moisture and climatic conditions would be almost incalculable.

Cast Off Extra Harness.

Chapter upon chapter has been written on the care of harness and the correct harnessing of horses, but not one of them recommends the use of one superfluous strap on the horse that is going out to do hard work on the farm. It is not so much the weight of the extra parts that worries the horse as the rubbing that occurs as the animal travels at whatever gait is demanded of him. Safety and the well-being of the horse's neck demands that breeching be used when the animal is hitched to a wagon or any implement that is likely to keep going after the horse has stopped, but a pough or harrow can be depended on to stay still as soon as the draft is let off, and even the wheeled cultivator can be so managed by a careful driver that it will not run on to the heels of the team. The average wheeled plough will not stand backing up in any case, and though the seeder has to be backed into line when the headland is short or when the land is beginning to narrow down, the amount of backing that is necessary in a fair-sized field is not sufficient to do injury to the neck of the horse if sufficient care is taken to see that the joint at the top of the collar is covered with a smooth cap. Even if the teamster has to use a breeching on his team in drawing out seed or other material to the field at the start of the day's work, it will pay him to remove the breeching before hitching to the plough, harrow or other tillage implement.

Hot Weather Poultry Counsel.

The rooster, unless kept for next year's breeding, is too expensive a luxury to keep—and he'll help relieve the meat shortage.

The market for the cull stuff promises to be good this month—and by marketing in June the distribution is more equalized.

By eating the poor layers the farmer gains in two ways—he eliminates the profit-takers from his flock and he lowers the meat bill for his table.

The small farm flock of good layers is always more profitable and satisfactory than the large flock of poor layers.

The good layer of the yellow-legged breeds at this season loses the color from the feet and bill and these latter becoming almost white. The sleek plumaged, fat yellow-legged hens are usually very poor layers. It will pay to cull them out now.

FROCKS FOR GIRLS

Heavy Linen or Cotton Used for Spring and Summer.

Georgette and Net Dresses Sharing Honors With Other Materials for Party Wear.

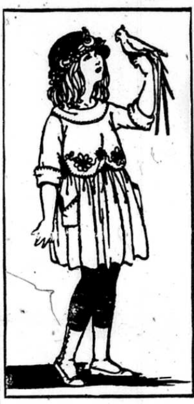
The sketch shows a sensible dress for a little girl of six years. It may be of wool fabric or of velveteen embroidered in wool or chenille, or of heavy linen or cotton material for spring or summer. The dress buttons in the back and a belt of black velvet ribbon is slipped through openings arranged for the purpose, and tied in a bow in the back. The little pouched pockets are finished at the edge, as are sleeves, collar and jacket with a long buttonhole stitch done in the floss used for the embroidered motifs.

Yellow heavy linen is used by some of the designers in developing smart tailored spring or summer dresses for little girls. One frock shown is of burnt orange linen embroidered in heavy black wool and finished with a patent leather belt.

The three-piece tub frock is featured for girls of six to ten years. One of these recently brought out has a plain linen skirt laid in wide box plaits, a blouse of white and colored dotted handkerchief linen with a little square cut detachable coat of the plain material. Lavender is also recorded as a color leader in next season's tub dresses for children.

This season velveteen and wool jersey cloth hold the center of the stage in serviceable materials chosen for dresses for little girls, the staple serge being compelled, to some extent, to take a back seat. Angora and heavy wool embroideries are popular trimming touches both on velveteen and jersey cloth frocks. This very sturdy material is so effective and charming when shown in the pastel shades that frocks of it are quite good enough for dressy occasions.

A particularly smart and popular type of school dress this season combines a middy blouse of black velveteen with a plaited skirt of Scotch plaid.



Simple Frock for Six-Year-Old.

For party wear, georgette and net dresses are sharing honors with those made of fine cotton voile or of organdie in white or pastel shades. Self fabric in contrasting color, used as piping, is much used as a trimming for the organdie frock.

NECKLINE BOWS AND RIBBONS

Fashion Has Become Pronounced and Adds to the Attractiveness of Many Gowns.

Have you noticed how many smart frocks and blouses have tiny ribbon bows, of silver or velvet, at the back of the neck? This is new style, one of those notions taken up now and then by exclusive dressmakers, and not—so to speak—put on the market in ready-to-wear costume until the fashion has become pronounced. A new tunic blouse of rose and silver ribbon binding around the neck and a tiny bow of the ribbon is set at the back, long streamers falling to the waist. An ecru crepe de chine frock with plaited frill around the square neck opening and elbow sleeve, has gay little bows of narrow black velvet ribbon. And a dinner gown of black chiffon over black and white satin, has silver ribbon around the neck (with a bow at the back) and much silver hemstitching on the bodice.

Cire Satin Popular.

Cire satin is quite as popular in hats as it is dresses. Because it has so many qualities that will contribute toward its success we may be sure of its continued use in spring and summer millinery. Its slight stiffness gives it an advantage over ordinary satin as a material from which to make an entire hat. Then its glazed surface makes it successful as a dust shedding material. It will be used in dark color only, the preference being given to brown, navy blue and black.

Preparing Land for Oats.

Is it best to plough or disk land for growing an oats crop? This is a question many farmers ask at this time of the year. Tests at the Ohio station show that there is not much difference in the ten-year average yield from the two methods of preparing the seed-bed. The disked land has given slightly larger yields of both grain and straw, 56 bushels being the average for the ten-year period. Ploughed land seeded the same time as the disked land has averaged 54 bushels for the same period.

PRETTY GOWN OF CHARMEUSE

This attractive clinging gown of soft, mahogany charmeuse with a most effective heavily-beaded band trimming, will appeal to many. The design of the collar is interesting.

GRACEFUL CAPES FOR SPRING

Garment, More Enchanting Than Ever, is Designed for Every Place and Every Occasion

The French are a tenacious people, and once having plumbed the depths of a fashion and found it practical and beautiful, they are loath to discard it, and ofttimes renew it from year to year by a few superficial changes. Thus it is that capes are with us still, more graceful, more supple and of different fabrics, but as enchanting as ever. For every occasion and place, from golf course to dancing verandah, new versions of silk, velvet and wool will be worn through the coming seasons.

Of very newest design, which a letter from Paris describes, is a cape of heaviest silk crepe tightly accordion plaited hanging from a narrow throatband of moleskin. It is unlined and unfitted, taking its form from the shoulders of the wearer. The wonderful silks in changeable effect, plaids and tinseled embroideries shown here now could be utilized with stunning effect in one of these plaited wraps.

Plaid silk is also plaited, but diagonally in a sunburst effect, and is hung from a deep pointed yoke with a soft crush collar. For sports wear or for use in the country is a smart knee-length cape of striped taffeta with the lower part of the skirt crisscrossed with narrow stitched bands in a bewildering design. For windy days a hood disguising itself as a large loose collar may be pulled up over the head.

BRIEF FASHION NOTES

Hats of natural leghorn with fringed brim edge are an interesting item of millinery fashions.

Transparent foliage in brilliant coloring is a recent Parisian conceit in millinery trimming.

An effective and practical lingerie set suggested for a trousseau is of orchid georgette, devoid of lace, but trimmed pleasingly with tiny ruffles of self-material and narrow ribbon in orchid and yellow.

Some bolero suits are being shown and are suggested as being particularly smart and becoming for the young, slender woman, for these are made only in misses' sizes.

The ripple suit of French origin has been copied by American manufacturers, but on decidedly modified lines, to meet the approval of conservative women who want smart lines, but not radical or extreme lines.

Smart modes in dresses are in evidence on all sides, until it is difficult to pick out any one mode for word portrayal, but frocks of tricotine are decidedly interesting when developed with plaited skirts and tailored surplice bodices that wrap about the waist and finish with sash effect, the entire bodice being almost completely covered with Japanese embroidery.

Saving Cabbage Plants.

There are possibly more effective methods of combating the cabbage maggot but they are not easily available to all small growers and therefor the most popular remedy for the chief trouble in the cabbage patch is the tar paper disk treatment. These disks are now obtainable, all that is needed is a supply of tar paper, a knife or a pair of scissors and the following hint regarding manufacture of the chief cabbage preserver. Cut the tar-paper in squares or circular form with a slit to slip over the stem of the plant. Where the plant rests at the centre cut in criss cross fashion so that the plant will not be injured, but be careful that the fit is good and that the disc lies level, for a very small opening down by the stalk will admit the fly that lays the fatal egg. The habit of the fly is all that need be remembered in order to frustrate its designs. The fly alights on the stalk, head up, then thrusts her abdomen down along the stem and deposits her eggs below the surface of the ground. Prevent this operation and you will save your cabbage.

To Make Neat Buttonhole.

If you wish to make a perfect buttonhole in a garment, take a pencil and mark the length of the buttonhole desired, then buttonhole stitch around the mark before cutting. The buttonhole can then be easily split with a safety razor, penknife or embroidery scissors, and will be much prettier and neater than if the material is cut before working.

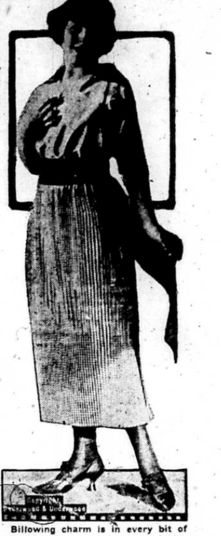
Spring and Winter Suits.

Suits for early springtime are not unlike those of the winter season; replace in imagination the usual banding of fur with lacquered ribbon, add a close, confining little belt, and you have the effect.

Every 10c Packet of
WILSON'S
FLY PADS
WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN
$8 WORTH OF ANY
STICKY FLY CATCHER

Clean to handle. Sold by all Druggists. Grocers and General Stores.

NEW PLAITED PONGEE SKIRT



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Billowing charm is in every bit of this accordion plaited pongee skirt, trimmed with several rows of stitching in delicate blue. This stitching is also used on the cuffs of the charming waist which has a dainty collar of old blue velvet. The girdle is of the same material.

NEW LINGERIE AND GLOVES

Dainty Undergarments Are Embroidered; Shoes and Slippers of Satin and Velvet; Long Gloves.

Lingerie is one of the things which have had an impetus during the season. There seems to be an idea of getting away from the old and well-tried ideas and of indulging in undergarments which are original and pretty at the same time. Chiffon is the material most favored. The pale yellows and the shades of mauve are particularly attractive, and so are the tones of cerise and orange. For a bright color in chiffon loses the heaviness which might result from the use of a thicker material.

These dainty bits of undergarments are embroidered in thin rows of flower patterns and are generously helped along by inlays of hemstitching. Then there are ribbons used not too conspicuously and varying a little from the general tone of the material.

Accordion plaiting is cleverly used. Two or three rows of double hemstitching, with the rest in plaiting, and you have a slip which cannot be said to have a serious rival. Laces are used with caution and they are, of course, most attractive when they are hand made.

Shoes and slippers are often made of satin and velvet. In Paris these are cut with scarcely any vamp and they are supplied with straps over the insteps and with butterfly ornaments in the place of buckles. These are made of a bit of gold or silver gauze and a strip of wire and some rhinestone sparkles.

Gloves are another accessory of woman's dress which have undergone a change in Paris in that they no longer are worn wrist length. Every sleeve ends in a gauntlet glove or a mousquetaire glove or a long 14-buttoned glove. There is always a wrinkle around the wrist when style is in the balance and sleeves that are long are made tight enough for the glove to slip over them. The shorter sleeves expect the glove to meet them. Long gloves decidedly are in again.

Quebec Poultrymen.

The Civil Service Commission announced recently that Abel Raymond, B.S.A., Demonstrator in Megantic County, was the successful applicant for the position of District Poultry Promoter for Quebec. Mr. Raymond has already commenced his duties, under the direction of the Live Stock Branch of the Federal Department of Agriculture. After acquainting himself more fully with the systems of organization and methods of quality payment in Ontario, and, if necessary, visiting Prince Edward Island to learn full particulars of what has been achieved along co-operative marketing lines, as regards eggs and poultry, in that province, Mr. Raymond will confer with provincial officers, county demonstrators, and others as to the best ways and means of developing the industry along similar lines in the Province of Quebec. In this connection a survey of the provinces will be made to ascertain the principal poultry producing districts at the present time and those which give promise of ready development. The first policy followed will be to organize in conjunction with existing or prospective co-operative organizations, and to devise ways and means of reducing waste and marketing eggs of the highest possible quality.

Fleet Foot Outing Shoes!

in all styles for

Boys, Girls, Men and Women.

Girls' Pumps $2.00

Childs' Pumps and Tennis Boots.

WEISS BROS,

Two Stores

NAPANEE, & TRENTON

THE WEDDING GIFT!

You will be called upon to purchase a wedding gift.

You will be anxious to have your selection show good taste, and have quality to stand the test for years of wear.

These points we always study in purchasing our stock. During this month we have placed in stock fine selections of

Cut Glass, Silverware, and China

suitable articles for the numerous weddings.

Call and see our stock.

You will have no trouble to make a selection.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store

Established 50 years.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

Wedding Rings.
Licenses.
Engagement Rings.

Clearance Sale of

MEN'S AND BOYS' WORK BOOTS AT COST

At such low prices it will pay you to buy these boots now even if you do not need them before fall.

Men's Tan Solid Leather Work Boots, reg. $6.00....**Sale $5.00**
Men's Black Chrome Solid Leather Work Boots, reg. $6.50........**Sale $5.25**
Men's Black, reg. $5.00 **Sale $4.00**
Men's 12 inch Tan, reg. $8.00........**Sale $6.00**
Boys' 10 inch Tan, reg. $5.00........**Sale $4.00**
Boys' Tan, heavy, reg. $4.95........**Sale $3.95**
Boys' Tan, Military, reg. $5.00........**Sale $4.00**
Men's Military, reg. $7.50........**Sale $6.00**
Youths' Sporting Shoe, reg. $2.25 **Sale $1.90**
Boys' Black Fine Boots, reg. $4.00........**Sale $3.00**
Boys' Tan Fine Boots, reg. $4.00........**Sale $3.00**

J. WILKINS,
Boot Repair Store,
Opposite Royal Hotel.

Callouses or Pain There are signs of a weakened transverse arch. One or more of the little bones across the ball of the foot are displaced, causing uneven pressure. The sole of the foot burns; great and little toe joints enlarge and a cramplike pain known as Morton's Toe develops.

This condition, as well as corns, bunions, broken down arches, weak ankles and all forms of foot trouble is quickly relieved and the cause permanently corrected by the use of

Dr Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances

It does not matter what your foot troubles are, how long you have sought relief or how many times you have failed, you will find comfort and correction in the Dr. Scholl line of Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Consult Our Foot Specialist

He is a Graduate Practipedist—a man who knows all about foot troubles and how to make bad feet easy and comfortable. Examination and advice free. See us today.

The Haines Shoe Houses

Notice to Camera Owners

Developing, Printing and Enlarging. Expert work guaranteed **I am not an amateur.** No need of sending your work out of town when you can have it done better and more promptly here. Regular prices. Use our films for good results. Cameras for sale. Mail orders addressed to box 466 will receive every attention. Office on John street, next door to Shepherd's grocery.

Mrs. R. B. Shipman

New Perfection and Florence Oil Stoves and Ovens, at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Napanee's Big Chautauqua Week is from August 11th to 17th inclusive. The programme is the best that has ever been presented.

Marvello works wonders, dissolves grease and dirt. Try it on floors, paint or glass. For sale at THOMPSON BROS., Market Grocery.

Screen your doors and windows and keep out the pesky fly. Our assortment in these goods is complete, at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

In our report of the death of Mr. Will Blewitt in our last issue we omitted the names of one brother and one sister, Mr. Samuel Blewitt and Mrs. Reidman, both of Toronto.

Don't forget to go to H. W. KELL'S for canned goods for your picnics. He has a fresh lot of Sardines, Lobsters, Salmon, Tuna Fish, Pork and Beans and Pickles. Fruit in season.

The regular meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held in the Public Library on Tuesday, June 29th at 3 o'clock. Reports of county convention will be given.

All returned soldiers of the county are especially requested to be present at the ceremony of Unveiling War Memorial Monument.

Executive
War Memorial Committee.

Mr. Theodore H. Bird, who so successfully staged "Why She Loved Him" has been engaged by the Gov. Simcoe chapter, I. O. D. E., Trenton, to stage the big 4 act musical drama, "Jack's Wife" The rehersals start June 23rd and performances to be July 15th and 16th.

A number of auto owners were summoned before the Police Magistrate this week for parking cars without lights, on the business streets. They were assesed $1.00 and costs each. The town council has set apart the market square for the use of automobiles for the purpose of parking cars.

The union services of Grace and Trinity churches will be held next Sunday in Trinity Church, both morning and evening at the usual hours. Rev. Dr. Shorey will be in charge. The usual mid week services will be in Trinity S. S. room on Tuesday evenings at 8 o'clock until the first of August.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Trinity Methodist Church are giving a Birthday Party on Friday evening, June 25th, at 8 o'clock. A good programme is being prepared, also ice cream and cake will be served. Admission fee to those who did not receive cards, 25c.

29-b

"Trust in the Lord and do good," Ps. 37-3; "We are more than conquerors through Him that loved us," Romans 8-37; "Blessed are they which do hunger and thirst after righteousness, for they shall be filled," Matt. 5-6; "Let not sorow dim your eye, soon shall every tear be dry; let not fear your course impede, great your strength, if great your need."

A BIBLE LOVER.

Catherine H. Shorey, beloved wife of Mr. Addison Scott, passed away very suddenly on Sunday afternoon. About four o'clock in the afternoon she suffered a stroke and died about eight o'clock. Besides her husband, one daughter, Miss Edith, at home and two sons, Messrs. Blake, of Buffalo, and Roy, of Saskatchewan, remain. Mr. Geo. Shorey is a brother. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon from her late residence to Riverside cemetery.

A sudden death took place at Ernestown station shortly before noon on Monday when George Simmons, a highly respected and well known farmer who resided near Wilton dropped dead while assisting in unloading hogs at the station. He leaves a wife and two sons, Archie, at home and Stewart, a farmer residing about a mile from Wilton. Deceased was about 55 years of age and one of the best known farmers in the district. He was also owner of the grist mill at Wilton.

The open air lawn social held on the Miles lawn, Newburgh road, was enjoyed by all present. The Napanee band and orchestra gave their selections in grand style. The lawn was brightly illuminated (thanks to the Hydro). After the programme was finished the young people assembled in the spacious rooms for dance. The Walters' orchestra furnished the music, which was extra good. After partaking of ice cream and cake all reported a good time. Mrs. Miles wishes to express her thanks through the columns of the Express to all who so willingly assisted in any way to make the social a success. Proceeds in aid of I.O.D.E. for Memorial Fund, which was thirty dollars.

It was a shock to many citizens of Napanee to learn on Tuesday morning that Mrs. J. E. Eakins had suddenly passed away after but a couple of hours' illness from cerebral hemmorage. Mrs. Eakins was about her home in her usual health up till about 10 o'clock when she was taken ill. Mrs. Eakins was beloved by a large circle of friends for her charitable and church work. Deceased leaves three sons, Dr. J. E. Eakins, Port Arthur; Warner Eakins, Toronto; and Grey Eakins, at present in New Brunswick; also two brothers, Messrs. Stanley C. Warner, Denver Col., and C. M. Warner, Boston; and one sister, Mrs. A. E. Lang, Toronto. The funeral took place on Thursday afternoon.

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Government White Fish, coming in twice a week, 17c a lb.

E. R. TODD,
Market Meat Shop.

—o—

Refrigerators.

The very best makes and latest finishes, in all sizes, at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

—o—

All returned soldiers of the county are especially requested to be present at the ceremony of Unveiling War Memorial Monument.

Executive
War Memorial Committee.

PERSONALS

Mr. Isaac Brisco is spending a few days in Kingston.

Mrs. Geo. A. Blewett is spending a few days in Picton.

Mrs. Sneath and Miss Rooney are guests of Mrs. H. R. Duff, of Kingston.

Mr. Blake Scott, Buffalo, is the guest of his father, Mr. Addison Scott.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Todd, Kingston, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Wilson on Tuesday.

Mrs. Bourne, Montreal, was the guest of her aunt, Miss Davy, for the week-end.

Mr. Harry Davy, Victoria, B.C., is the guest of his sisters, Mrs. C. Shorey and Miss Louise Davy.

Messrs. Russell and Harold Woodley, and Misses Irene and Marion Woodley motored from Belleville to attend the social evening given by Miss Margaret Myles, Locust Manor.

Miss Ora Miles and Miss Vera Crouch were the out-of-town guests of Miss Margaret Miles for the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Earle, Athens, and Mrs. Ball and little son, Rexford, Montreal, were week-end visitors at M. B. Judson's.

Mr. and Mrs. (Dr.) Kenneth McKinnon, Renfrew, are guests of her mother, Mrs. W. C. Scot.

Miss Belle Cummings, Detroit, is spending a couple of weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cummings.

Miss Dorothy Smith is visiting friends in Toronto.

Miss Elsie Woodcock has gone to Toronto to visit her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Savage have returned from spending the winter in California.

Mr. Geo. A. Blewett left on Thursday to spend a few days in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Isiah Sanderson, Toronto, were in Napanee a couple of days last week.

Mr. C. M. Warner, Boston, is in town for a few days attending the funeral of his sister.

Mrs. W. R. Lott left on Thursday for Toronto to visit her mother who is quite ill.

Mrs. Cornell returned Thursday from a week's visit with friends in Kingston.

Miss M. VanSlyck left on Monday for Toronto to visit her cousins and her nephew at Preston.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Witham, of Troy, N.Y., are spending a few days in Napanee.

Mrs. D. C. MacNaughton, Montreal, is the guest of Mrs. F. F. Miller.

Miss Josephine Vrooman has been spending a few days with Rev. and Mrs. W. E. Kidd, Kingston.

Miss Loreina Wilson is home from Toronto to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Wilson.

Mr. Grant Paul left on Wednesday for Montreal where he will spend a few days at the office of the Watson, Foster Co., before leaving for the west to represent the firm. He will be gone several months.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kimmett, of Roblin, Ont., announce the engagement of their niece, Myrtle Elizabeth Young, to Mr. Percy S. Vine, of Napanee, the ceremony to take place on Wednesday, the thirtieth of June.

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MARRIAGES

Pennell—Waddell—At Grace parsonage, by Rev. W. P. Rogers, B. A., on June 23rd, 1920, Joseph Albert Pennell and Minnie Lorena Waddell.

Todd—Wilson—At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James. A. Wilson, by Rev. Dr Shorey, on Tuesday, June 22nd, 1920, Mr. Fred R. Todd, of Hamilton, to E. Grace Wilson, of Napanee.

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DEATHS

Bartels—At Ernesttown, on Thursday, June 17th, 1920, Douglas Bartels, aged 80 years, 10 months.

Eakins—At Napanee, on Tuesday, June 22nd, 1920, Mrs. Warner Eakins, aged 63 years.

Scott—At Napanee, on Sunday, June 20th, 1920, Catherine H. Shorey, beloved wife of Mr. A. J. Scott, aged 73 years, 8 months, 20 days.

—o—

A date to remember—one Saturday, June 19th, we will sell 500 packages only the 35c size Pearl Tooth Paste, 2 for 52c. WALLACE'S, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

—o—

Hammocks.

A nice assortment of pretty Hammocks at DAVY & ALLISON'S

—o—

Big Day at Napanee, July 1st.

$1500 in purses for horse races. Base ball games and other sports at the Napanee Driving Park grounds, which are the best in Canada.

—o—

Boyes' Grocery.

Choice Groceries. Best fruits in season, good line of confectionery fancy cake and biscuits. Try our black tea. Try our Coffee. We pay the highest price for eggs. Phone 236. **G. W. Boyes,** John st

A Compliment.

Little Lucy—"Mrs. Nexdore said something nice about you this afternoon, mother."

Mother—"Indeed! What did she say?"

"I heard her tell a friend that there were worse old gossips than you in town, after all!"

His Choice.

Hudson—"What is Smith going to do now that his fortune is gone?"

Watson—"He's undecided whether to be chauffeur to his former butler, or butler to his former chauffeur."

—o—

"Pamo" makes old straw and panama hats look like new and won't turn them yellow. Get a bottle at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Our June "Midway" Sale brought splendid results on Satu
day last. We have still a splendid assortment of num
erous lines yet to sell. Every woman in this community
should make a special effort to examine these reductions
of merchandise.

Space will not permit us to elaborate on these special attractions.

CHILDREN'S WHITE LAWN DRESSES

Are reduced from **$1.29** to **95 cents** and from **$1.50** to **$1.19** each. Sizes from 3 to 14 years.

CHILDREN'S GINGHAM AND LINENETTE DRESSES

Are reduced from **$2.75** to **$2.39** and from **$2.25** to **$1.98.** Sizes from 2 to 6 years.

HOUSE DRESSES

Of Print, Gingham, Chambray and Crepe are a special feature of this sale. You will find these garments very suitable for house, porch and camp wear.

$3.50 House Dreses are reduced to **$2.79.**
$3.25 House Dresses are reduced to **$2.59**
$2.75 House Dresses are reduced to **$2.49**
$4.50 House Dresses are reduced to **$3.79**

at present writing we have nearly all sizes.

A regular $6.25 pullover Sweater has been reduced to **$4.89** to clear. This is made from an extremely fine quality of wool in numerous attractive colorings. This is one of our outstanding values. **Get one of these**

Odd Pieces of Whitewear always prove useful. We are featuring several wearable garments at prices much under present day value. Some of these numbrs are soiled but their qualities are superior.

65 cent Corset Covers for **49 cents each**
$1.25 Uuderskirts for **99 cents each**
$1.00 Underskirts for **79 cents each**

TWO SPECIAL VALUES

Are obtainable in White Separate Skirts. Thse are cleverly styled in wearable garments which will give unusual service.

$1.75 Skirts are reduced to **$1.39 each**

$3.00 White Pique Skirts are reduced to **$2.39 each**

If in need of a Middy or Smock these priees mean savings which must not be overlooked. Procurable in colors or all white.

$3.50 Smocks are reduced to **$2.79.**

$2.25 Midies are reduced to **$1.98**

AMONG THE VARIOUS LINES OF WAISTS

This $3.00 for $2.29 line stands out as real value. The material and workmanship is superb from every viewpoint. The quantity is very limited.

$6.95 IS THE REDUCED PRICE

on a number of very attractive Georgette Waists. These are made in various styles and procurable in numerous colors. Sizes are limited. Secure yours without delay.

With July Just Ahead---
It's time now to plan for your
Holiday Wearing Apparel

WILL IT BE NUMEROUS DRESSES OR A SUMMER SUIT—OR BOTH

Possibly there is no season of the year which is as inspiring as the holiday season. For a limited season you are free from care, worry, anxiety and with congenial friends in pleasant places you while away the days which are rightly yours.

It would indeed be interesting for us as a store to follow each and every piece of holiday attire we sell. Of course this is impossible but, however, we are just as interested in helping you to make your selections. From the foremost Canadian Manufacturers we have assembled a comprehensive array of styles, materials and values.

DRESSES

At the present moment Voile Dresses are holding the centre of the stage. From the nature of the Voile used and the style featured, these charming creations are popular for wearing late into the season. Our stocks are exceptionally distinctive, clever and attractive.

In finer dresses are numerous creations which portray the newest of fashionable styles. Interesting and attractive are the new bodice effects, the draped skirts, the original collars. Constantly on hand an extensive but inexpensive range of dresses.

SUITS

By way of a Summer Suit is a very serviceable garment of pure silk in natural shade. This material is beautifully tailored in two clever styles, one particularly good for a matron, while the other is on Norfolk lines.

This material is washable, thus as a summer suit is most serviceable besides being good looking.

Priced $55.00 and $57.50

Jersey Suits $45.00, $50.00, $55.00

BATHING SUITS IN WOOL AND UNION
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT ENGLISH AND CANADIAN MAKE

The popular trend of preference in bathing suits, step by step, more each year, is for the wool suit. We have watched this very closely and have secured a very pleasing assortment.

This season a very satisfactory pure wool bathing suit is procurable in "Jaeger's" wool. This garment is made in a one piece style with skirt effect. Procurable in colors of natural white and navy and copen. Priced **$8.50 each.**

A Canadian made pure wool suit is trimmed with a wool belt. Procurable in colors of green, white, navy and white. Priced **$8.25 and $9.00**

Children's bathing suits in Union Quality, bright colors, Priced **$2.98.**

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FROM OUR MILLINERY PARLORS

NEW SUMMER STYLES SPECIAL PRICES on Colored Hats

Whatever your requirements might be, this Saturday you will satisfactorily find it in our Millinery Department.

Here are smart, pleasing, attractive summer hats, beautifully created in the most charming manner. Hats which will blend with any summer costume, whether you have donned your Sunday best gown or whether you have chosen a simpler garment.

Also procurable are numerous colored hats which have been specially reduced for quick clearance on Saturday.

ROBINSON'S

BUNGALOW NETS· GRASTEX RUGS· LINOLEUMS

ARE BEING FEATURED IN OUR CARPET SECTION

BUNGALOW NETS—A shipment, four months delayed, of Bungalow nets has just arrived. These goods were purchased at a very low figure and our present prices are twenty per cent lower than present market prices will allow. Aside from the attractive money saving proposition you will find the patterns exceptionally attractive. The prices range as **30** cents, **45** cents, **50** cents, **65** cents and **75** cents per yard The obtainable colors are white and ecru.

We would strongly advise our customers who are in need of curtains to buy at once as prices will be much higher for fall.

4 YARD WIDE LINOLEUM

The factory is making a special after the war quality and we have now one very handsome pattern in stock with several others equally as attractive on order which should be here very soon. The designs make a new era in Linoleum designing, while the colors are distinctive and decorative. The quality is unusually heavy. Priced **$1.75** per spuare yard.

3 YARD WIDE CONGOLEUM

Another shipment of these goods has been passed into stock which gives us four special designs to offer you. These patterns are appropriate for almost any room in your home on which Congoleum is used. Priced **$1.25** per square yard.

GRASTEX RUGS

Suitable for Bed Rooms, Porch or Hall. Grastex Rugs are extremely popular with careful, thoughtful homemakers.

They are made in three leading colors of Blue, Green, and Brown which will blend in smartly with your other decorations. The patterns are in the Oriental and conventional designs while many rugs are decorated with hand stencilled borders. Truly a very artistic rug at these moderate prices.

3 by 6 feet, **$2.50.** 4 ft 6 in by 7 ft, **$4.25.** 6 ft by 9 ft **$7.25.** 6 ft. by 10 ft 6 in, **$8.25.** 8 ft by 10 ft, **$10.50.** 9 ft by 9 ft, **$11.50.** 9 ft by 12 ft, **$14.50.**

BUY W.S.S. WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

THE ROBINSON CO.,
LIMITED

BUY W.S.S. WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS